

INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengaruh mekanisme *good corporate governance* terhadap kinerja keuangan yang diukur *return on assets*, *return on equity*, TobinsQ. Selain itu penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis perbedaan kinerja keuangan badan usaha keuangan (perbankan) dengan badan usaha nonkeuangan yang diduga lebih baik pada sektor keuangan yang merupakan sektor *regulated*. Variabel mekanisme GCG yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah jumlah ukuran dewan komisaris, ukuran komisaris independen, ukuran dewan direksi, ukuran komite audit, proporsi kepemilikan manajerial, dan proporsi kepemilikan institusional. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan model analisis data panel. Penelitian ini menggunakan populasi berupa badan usaha *listed* keuangan dan nonkeuangan pemenang Annual Report Award periode 2006-2008 dengan periode pengamatan 5 tahun.

Dengan menggunakan populasi berupa 6 badan usaha keuangan dan 9 badan usaha nonkeuangan, penelitian ini menemukan bahwa variabel ukuran dewan komisaris tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap kinerja keuangan, ukuran komisaris independen berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap ROA dan ROE badan usaha keuangan namun berpengaruh negatif signifikan terhadap TobinsQ. Selain itu variabel ukuran dewan direksi berpengaruh positif terhadap ROA badan usaha keuangan dan ROE, variabel ukuran komite audit berpengaruh negatif terhadap kinerja keuangan, dan untuk variabel proporsi kepemilikan manajerial berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap ROA dan ROE badan usaha keuangan namun berpengaruh negatif signifikan terhadap ROE badan usaha nonkeuangan. Variabel proporsi kepemilikan institusional berpengaruh positif signifikan terhadap ROE badan usaha nonkeuangan dan TobinsQ dan sebaliknya berpengaruh negatif signifikan terhadap ROA dan ROE badan usaha keuangan. Selain itu penelitian ini juga membuktikan bahwa badan usaha keuangan memiliki kinerja keuangan yang lebih rendah daripada badan usaha nonkeuangan yang secara bersama-sama menerapkan mekanisme GCG.

Kata kunci : *good corporate governance*, kinerja keuangan.

ABSTRACT

This research aims to analyze the effect of good corporate governance mechanisms on financial performance as measured by return on assets, return on equity, and TobinsQ. In addition, this study aims to analyze the differences in financial performance between the financial enterprises (banks) and non-financial enterprises which predicted better in the financial sector as it is a regulated sector. Variables which use are board of commissioners size, independent commissioner size, board of directors size, audit committee size, the proportion of managerial ownership, and the proportion of institutional ownership. This research uses a quantitative approach with panel data analysis model. This research use population of financial and non-financial listed business enterprise which winning Annual Report Award 2006-2008 with 5 year observation period.

By using a population of 6 financial enterprises and 9 non-financial enterprises, the research found that the variable size of the board of commissioners has no significant effect to financial performance, the independent commissioner size variable has significantly positive effect to ROA and ROE financial enterprises but has significantly negative effect to TobinsQ. In addition, the variable size of the board of directors has significantly positive effect to ROA of financial enterprises and ROE of financial and non-financial enterprises, the audit committee size variable has significantly negative effect to financial performance, and the variable proportion of managerial ownership has significantly positive effect to ROA and ROE financial enterprises but has significantly negative effect to ROE non-financial enterprises. The variable proportion of institutional ownership has significantly positive effect to ROE non-financial enterprises and TobinsQ and otherwise has significantly negative effect to ROA and ROE of financial enterprises. In addition, this research also proves that financial enterprises have lower financial performance than non-financial business enterprises which implement GCG mechanism.

Keywords : good corporate governance, financial performance.