Fulfillment of Maternal Health As Part of Human Rights:
A Case Study of Banyuwangi Municipality of East Java, Indonesia
Yoan N. Simanjutanak, Aloysia Vira Herawati and Inge Christanti

Abstract. This article is result of research on the fulfillment of maternal health which conducted in one of city in East Java Indonesia. Approach used for this research is human rights based which also utilise 3-A and 1-Q elements (availability, accessibility, acceptability, and quality) and SPO scheme (Structure, Process, Outcome). Both of these elements and schemes are used to identify the level of fulfilment the State has achieved, because fulfilment of right to health covers not only on the availability of the service and facilities but also on the accessibility, acceptability of the local communities, and quality of the service. There are nine issues within maternal health rights which study in this research: early marriage and early pregnancy; family planning; pregnancy; childbirth; postnatal; abortion; violence against women; STIs and HIV-AIDS and knowledge on reproductive organ. All of these issues considered as basic issue for women in protecting their sexual and reproductive health rights.

Keywords. Maternal Health, Women’s Rights, Right to Health