

## **LEGAL ASPECT OF EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE**

Exclusive economic zone is an outer area and side by side with territorial sea which is adhere to specific law regime according to jurisdictions and rights of coastal country and also rights and freedoms of other countries. Exclusive economic zone has boundary delimitation of 200 sea miles from the same coast line to measure territorial sea.

Specific law regime which binds this zone is obtained with emphasis that tough is side by side with territorial sea, to the said zone, sovereign is not fully implemented like the case of territorial sea zone. Also in relation to the high seas, tough there are some freedoms those apply for the high seas also apply for exclusive economic zone, is not automatically adhere to rules in the high seas.

Exclusive economic zone regime is an independent rule and standard for forming basic reform in sea law and sea traditional classification. Previously, the classification was only between territorial sea as full sovereign zone of a coastal country and free sea which is open for all countries. As the specific law regime applies for economic exclusive zone, then comes the right to utilize the zone, i.e. sovereign right.

Sovereign right gives authority for a coastal country to exploit and explore exclusive economic zone, but on the other hand, foreign countries have limited authority that also ruled to apply at the same zone.

Problem that arises at last is about rights those are not firmly given both to the coastal country and other countries. Crucial issues that need attention are how the firm regulation can minimize modus of violations in exclusive economic zone by hiding behind the limited authority of countries which are not coastal country.

In exclusive economic zone, a coastal country has sovereign rights to explore and exploit, conserve and manage natural resources whether living or non-living from area over the sea, sea ground, and soil underneath and other activities as necessary to explore and