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Eco-sustainable Campus Initiatives: A Web Content Analysis

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Abstract. Though many prominent universities in the world have been implementing the sustainability programs for many years, few universities in Indonesia are just start taking the initiative to develop eco-campus, sustainable campus or green campus. In this current state, the Indonesian universities are still lack of practical framework to guide their sustainability programs. While some articles offer conceptual or practical sustainability frameworks, the actual campus sustainability practices are not much explored. This paper fills the gap by investigating the actual campus sustainability practices from some major universities in the world. The findings shows that campus sustainability initiative is commonly implemented with an integrated approach covering environmental management, green building, public participation, teaching and research. In addition, the initiative is guided by a high level sustainability policy/plan, and the presence of dedicated organizational unit to manage sustainability program. Furthermore, the investigation of the Indonesian university shows that only four of ten sites have a dedicated a sub-domain web site for the sustainability initiative, the real activities are still minimum, and the absence of a dedicated organizational unit. The findings could help Indonesian universities in their sustainability endeavor.

Keywords: Sustainability, eco-campus, green campus, green technology, web analysis

1. Introduction

Like firms, higher education institutions can generate significant environmental impacts because of their huge use of energy, extensive transportation, massive waste, high consumption of materials, and extensive development of built facilities. As thousands of people (students) come and go every year in these educational institutions, the concern on practicing sustainability and educating the students are highly important. In general, university has responsibility in sustainable development to promote the sustainability culture to its students, staff, and community. Campus sustainability has become an issue of global concern for university policy makers and planners as result of the realization of the impacts the activities and operations of universities have on the environment (Alshuwaikhath and Abubakar, 2008).

Although many prominent universities in the world have been implementing the sustainability programs for many years, Indonesia universities are just start taking initiatives to develop eco-campus, sustainable campus or green campus. In this state, the Indonesian universities are still lack of practical framework to guide them in

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their sustainability programs. Though some articles offers conceptual or practical frameworks of campus sustainability, the knowledge on the current and actual campus sustainability practices is still limited. This paper fills the gap by presenting the investigation of the real sustainability practices from some major universities in the world. The findings could be used by Indonesian universities whether to initiate or to manage their sustainability program.

2. Conceptual Background

The term sustainability and sustainable development were coined in the report "Our Common Future," released by the Brundtland Commission of the United Nations in 1987. This report provides the most popular definition of sustainability: "Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs." (World Commission on Environment and Development, 1987). The concept is then elaborated by John Brett Elkington who coined a concept of Triple Bottom Line (TBL) in 1994. Elkington argued that companies should be preparing three different bottom lines: (1) corporate profit (and loss) account, (2) company's "people account" which addresses how socially responsible an organisation has been throughout its operations, (3) the company's "planet" account which measures how environmentally responsible it has been (Economist, 2009). This three Ps represents three pillars of sustainability: economic sustainability (profit), sociopolitical sustainability (people) and environmental sustainability (planet) (Adams, 2006). Instead of three separate dimensions, International Union for Conservation of Nature used the interlocking circles model to demonstrate that the three objectives need to be better integrated, with action to redress the balance between dimensions of sustainability (Adams, 2006). Despite the TBL popularities, Norman and MacDonald (2004) criticized this rhetoric concept as "badly misleading, and may in fact provide a smokescreen behind which firms can avoid truly effective social and environmental reporting and performance" especially for the social dimension.

While the concept of sustainability and TBL was originally linked to business, higher education institution has also long history in the sustainability initiative. Lozano et al (2012) identified 24 declarations, with the oldest is the 1972 Stockholm Declaration on the Human Environment, and the latest is 2009 Torino Declaration on Education and Research for Sustainable and Responsible Development. The Stockholm Declaration recognized the important role of education on an international level in fostering environmental protection and conservation; on the other hand, the Turin Declaration emphasises the importance of the interdependence and interaction between economics, ethics, energy policy, and ecology (the 4 E's) (Lozano, *et al.*, 2012). These two indicate that the sustainability scope has extended from the environmental aspect only to a more comprehensive issue. The comprehensive and multidimensional sustainability issues require an integrated and systematic approach to decisions making, investment and management processes (Saleh et al, 2011).

Velaquez et al (2006) proposed a comprehensive definition of sustainable university as "a higher educational institution, as a whole or as a part, that addresses, involves and promotes, on a regional or a global level, the minimization of negative environmental, economic, societal, and health effects generated in the use of their resources in order to fulfill its functions of teaching, research, outreach and partnership, and stewardship in ways to help society make the transition to sustainable lifestyles". In line with this definition, Alshuwaikhat and Abubakar (2008) proposed an integrated approach for achieving campus sustainability, which consists of three elements: university environmental management systems, public participation & social responsibility, and sustainability teaching and research. The article explained that environmental management system consists of two initiatives: (1) environmental management & improvement which are related to waste minimization, energy efficiency, and environmental conservation; and (2) green campus to promote construction of green buildings and transportation facilities such as footpaths, cycle-ways, greenways, etc. The public participation and social responsibility indicates the participation of university stakeholders in achieving sustainability, and university social responsibility of promoting environmental justice and equity to all especially for people of special needs (Alshuwaikhat and Abubakar, 2008). The sustainability in teaching and research indicates the need to promote sustainability through courses taken by students and develop the innovative solution in sustainability through research such as renewable energy sources, electricity generation, green products, and resource conservation. In addition, there are some other frameworks or tools to assess the level of sustainability achievement. Saadatian et al (2011) found 17 different sustainable higher education assessment tools and investigated their comprehensiveness, novelty and popularity.

The effective implementation of campus sustainability could not be done through an individual or a group idea but it should be institutionalized into a university system. Based on Cortese (2003) who proposed four dimensions of a university system, Lozano (2006) add one more so that becoming five dimensions: (1) education, (2) research, (3) campus operations, (4) community outreach, and (5) assessment and reporting. The first four

have been covered in the Alshuwaikhat and Abubakar's framework (AA's framework). The lack of comprehensive approach could lead to the problems. Some problems occurred mostly are related to the low priority of environmental issues on the campus agenda, a lack of coordination between and among activists and key communities (Saleh et al, 2011). Universities often promote sustainable campus in a simple and misleading way. For example, a sustainable campus is just having master plan, environmental plan, or environmental statement (Velaquez et al, 2006), while others may believe that they may have met the challenge of sustainability through signing of national or international declarations (Wright, 2002).

3. Method

The study adopted a web content analysis method for three groups of sample. The first is 10 sites of the campus sustainability program taken from the top list sites searched by Google using search-word 'sustainability university campus.' The second is 10 sites taken from the top 10 universities listed in the UI Greenmetric World University Ranking 2011 (<http://greenmetric.ui.ac.id/>). The third is top 10 Indonesian universities listed in that Greenmetric ranking. The investigation of the websites is focused mostly on the dedicated web pages for sustainability program. The investigation goes to web menus and the content of web pages. The basic framework used is the one proposed by Alshuwaikhat and Abubakar (AA's framework).

Table 1. Sample of universities

| No | Top 10 Google search | top 10 UI Green Metric 2011 ranking | top 10 Indonesian university in UI Green Metric 2011 ranking |
|----|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | University of Maryland | University of Nottingham | Universitas Indonesia |
| 2 | Northern Arizona University | Northeastern University | Institut Pertanian Bogor |
| 3 | University of Sydney | University of Connecticut | Institut Teknologi Bandung |
| 4 | University of Melbourne | University College Cork | Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November |
| 5 | University of British Columbia | Linkoping University | Universitas Negeri Semarang |
| 6 | Cornell University | University of California, Berkeley | Universitas Islam Indonesia |
| 7 | Concordia University | University of California, Los Angeles | Universita Gunadarma |
| 8 | University of Chicago | Washington University In St. Louis | Universitas Lampung |
| 9 | Clark University | University of California Merced | Universitas Bengkulu |
| 10 | University of Pennsylvania | University of Bath | Universitas Surabaya |

4. Findings and Analysis

Table 2 presents the findings, which show that seven items of environmental management systems are implemented by the majority sites of those 20 overseas universities. Some campuses do not indicate the natural environment program (campus preservation, biodiversity) possibly because they are metropolitan campuses.

The investigation of webpage content shows an example of achievement in waste management as follows:

"This brings the University's overall diversion from landfill rate (of both general waste and office paper), to around 75% of all waste produced."

Furthermore, an example of the action on energy efficiency is as follows

"Cornell is reducing energy consumption through conservation and efficiency, and switching to cleaner and renewable sources of energy such as solar, wind, geothermal, and low-impact hydropower. Implementing conservation measures and switching to renewable sources of energy can also help save money."

One of university sites indicates an example of achievement in the water conservation program:

"The campus uses approximately a half billion gallons of water annually, however, water consumption decreased 14.4 percent between 2007 and 2009. The reason for the sharp decrease in water consumption is likely the result of new water saving devices such as low-flow toilets, showers, faucets, and moisture sensors on irrigated fields."

Table 2. Findings

| Sustainable programs | UIGM + Google | | Indonesian | |
|--|---------------|------|------------|-----|
| | 20 sites | | 10 sites | |
| | count | pct | count | pct |
| 1. Environmental Management Systems | | | | |
| a. Environmental Management and Improvement | | | | |
| waste management | 19 | 95% | 4 | 40% |
| energy efficiency | 19 | 95% | 4 | 40% |
| water | 16 | 80% | 4 | 40% |
| purchasing | 18 | 90% | 0 | 0% |
| b. Green campus | | | | |
| building | 18 | 90% | 3 | 30% |
| transportation | 17 | 85% | 3 | 30% |
| campus preservation | 12 | 60% | 4 | 40% |
| 2. Public Participation & Social responsibility | | | | |
| public participation | 9 | 45% | 1 | 10% |
| community service | 9 | 45% | 1 | 10% |
| social justice | 1 | 5% | 0 | 0% |
| 3. Sustainability Teaching & Research | | | | |
| conference, seminar, workshop | 2 | 10% | 0 | 0% |
| course & curriculum | 15 | 75% | 0 | 0% |
| R&D | 16 | 80% | 1 | 10% |
| 4. Additional | | | | |
| sustainability policy | 18 | 90% | 4 | 40% |
| organization & governance | 18 | 90% | 0 | 0% |
| dedicated web | 20 | 100% | 4 | 40% |
| internal participation | 13 | 65% | 3 | 30% |
| assesment | 9 | 45% | 0 | 0% |
| climate change | 8 | 40% | 0 | 0% |
| food | 6 | 30% | 0 | 0% |

Most of the 20 universities indicate the university policy in 'green' purchasing as the following example:

“will procure all supplies, services, maintenance, construction and architect-engineer services in a manner consistent with the promotion of sound environmental stewardship and, in particular, promoting the reduction of carbon emissions as envisioned by the University’s Climate Action Plan.”

The achievement in green purchasing is also worthy to note as the following example:

“The campus spent \$6.1 million spent on green purchasing from 2008-2009. Two-thirds went towards Energy Star and/or EPEAT certified electronics, and one-quarter went to recycled-content offices and supplies”.

Furthermore, the public participation and community service is only implemented by less than a half of the 20 sites. Social justice is rarely observed. Promoting sustainability through teaching and research is almost conducted by the majority of campuses, but through seminar is minimum.

In addition to the three elements, the study identified some other major features. First, the university sustainability policy and a dedicated organization/team/structure to manage sustainability program is explicitly found in 90% sites. This reflects a high commitment from the university top management. This dedicated unit is often named as “Office of Sustainability”, and in some cases as “Sustainability Committee” and “Sustainable Campus Team”. The unit could be placed under the current structure as the following excerpt from the webpage:

“The Sustainable Campus Team, based in Campus Infrastructure & Services, works with staff and students across the campuses to achieve the University's sustainability performance goals”.

The sustainability policy is often made as a strategic plan, for example: “Environmental Sustainability Strategic Plan 2011 – 2015” and “Campus Sustainability Plan”. About a half of websites publish their assessment and report of sustainability performance, named for example as: “Annual Report on implementation of sustainability initiatives”, “Sustainability Metrics Report”, and “Energy reduction committee report”. This kind of report provides valuable information to university stakeholders about the success of the program every year.

The investigation also found that internal participation from student, academic, and staff often presented in a web menu as “Get involved”. Some campuses, especially US universities join a declaration in climate change programs, as shown in Table 2. Sustainability in food and dining service are also implemented in some campuses (30%). An excerpt of web page shows:

“The University has recently adopted a new policy on sustainable foodservices practices. Cal Dining has increased its percentage of sustainable food purchases by almost 3 points in the past year (26.8%, exceeding the campus goal). Nearly all plastic trays have been eliminated, and Cal Dining offers 100% organic salad bars in all four dining commons and has also partnered with “Buy Fresh Buy Local”.

The investigation of Indonesian university sites show that only four out of ten have dedicated web pages for campus sustainability programs, which are belongs to: Universitas Indonesia (UI), Institut Teknologi Bandung (ITB), Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November (ITS), and Universitas Negeri Semarang (Unnes). These four are among the top five in the ranking list. ITS website presents the most comprehensive program covering: energy, waste, water, transportation, biodiversity, socio-engineering, and building (master plan). Unnes also has sustainability plan in the area of clean energy, paperless, waste management, green architecture (built environment), transportation, and biodiversity as well as socio-cultural aspect. ITB web presents waste, infrastructure, and education. UI website presents the policy and biodiversity. The other six university sites have no dedicated web pages on their sustainability program.

Table 2 indicates some differences between the findings of 20 overseas universities and Indonesian universities. Environmental management and green campus seem to be the main focus of sustainable campus (eco-campus) program among Indonesian universities. However, purchasing policy is still missing among Indonesian universities, which indicates that the focus is so far on the waste treatment rather than systematically to reduce the waste through a green purchasing policy. Promoting public participation in sustainability is still not explored. This might indicate that campus sustainability implementation is still in its early stage to share its performance to and to involve public/ external parties. Sustainability in teaching and research is also not taken yet. Furthermore, the finding shows the lack of dedicated organization/ governance to manage the sustainability program. Overall the findings of Indonesian universities reveals that sustainability is still not integrated into university systems, as coined by Lozano, *et al.* (2011), therefore its implementation is partial.

5. Proposed Framework

Based on the AA’s framework and the empirical findings, this study proposed a campus sustainability framework consisting of five elements and its sub-elements as follows:

1. Environmental Management Systems
 - waste management
 - energy efficiency
 - water
 - purchasing
2. Green campus
 - building
 - transportation
 - campus preservation
 - food
3. Teaching & Research
 - course & curriculum
 - R&D
4. Participation
 - internal participation

- public participation
- community service
- 5. Policy and governance
 - sustainability policy
 - assesment and report
 - organization
 - dedicated web

The first four elements are taken from the AA's three elements. Environmental management systems and green campus are split as they are the two main sustainability operations within campus, and both have different characteristics. Policy and governance is added as it is the important part of campus level sustainability program.

6. Conclusions and Recommendation

The study overall indicates that overseas universities have implemented sustainability comprehensively including environmental management systems, public participation, and teaching & research. However, Indonesian universities are still much lack behind in this sustainability endeavor, in which the sustainability initiative is still starting to emerge. The major sustainability program among Indonesian campuses so far still concentrate on the environmental management; teaching & research are still not explored intensively. Indonesian higher education institutions have also some sustainability policies but it is still not as a university strategic plan, and the implementation is not managed by a dedicated organizational unit.

This study has indicated that the sustainable campus or eco-campus has a broad perspective, and should not be seen as a program for planting trees and making the campus green. The findings of this study could be used by Indonesian universities to plan the sustainability program. This study in more specific suggests them to:

- Develop a comprehensive sustainability strategic plan in the campus level
- Integrating the sustainability in course and curriculum
- Doing research in the sustainability area
- Creating a formal organizational unit or committee to manage the sustainability program
- Developing a website on sustainability programs as a promoting media.

The use of the findings should be seen within the limitation of this study. This study only investigates the program and activities presented in the university web sites. There are possibilities that not all activities are published in the web. However, as a website in world universities is generally managed well, and used as a campaign media, it is likely that the web provides comprehensive information. This condition might be different for Indonesian universities, where their websites might not provide comprehensive and updated information of sustainability programs. Finally, the findings and proposed framework could also be used for further research to identify current condition and develop technological solutions suited Indonesian conditions.

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
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The world needs to reduce its dependency on fossil fuel (non-renewable energy) as it is fast depleting and due to the harmful impact to the environment – most notably ‘Climate Change’. Therefore, Green Technology now becomes an even greater significance. We expect that academic scientists, leading engineers, industry researchers and scholar students would exchange and share their experiences and discuss research results on how we can survive and sustain in the future with green technology. The issues are not only about developing technologies, but also how to manage them properly in order to gain maximum benefit for the societies.

This volume contains papers accepted to The 3rd International Conference on Technology and Operations Management (ICTOM 2012) which themed *Sustaining Competitiveness through Green Technology Management*. The conference was held in East Hall – ITB and SBM-ITB (School of Business and Management - ITB) on July 4-6, 2012.

Nowadays, the entire world is experiencing very complex and chaotic economic situations. Despite the global economic slowdown, it is very encouraging for us to receive over than one hundred submissions from various countries, and accept less than three-fourth submitted papers written by one hundred forty-eight authors for oral presentation to share their knowledges. We are also very grateful for the acceptance of keynote speakerships by well-known senior researchers and international as well as regional practitioners in Technology and Operations Management discipline specifically in Green Technology Management area.

ICTOM 2012 was organized by SBM-ITB, especially Operations and Performance Management (OPM) Interest Group. This conference shows our third collaboration with the esteemed College of Business - Universiti Utara Malaysia. We have been successfully organized the previous conferences at West Hall ITB in 2006 and at Langkawi, Malaysia in 2010.

We hope that this 3rd scientific meeting forum could contribute to introduce and promote Technology and Operations Management especially in Indonesia, to open the way for possible collaboration between local and international academicians and practitioners to promote ITB, in particular SBM-ITB, as a world class university and as the leading higher institution in the field of technology and operations management.

On this occasion, we would like to say a big thank you to everyone who has helped in organizing this international conference and the preparation of proceedings. We also apologize for any shortcomings, both in the organizing of the conference and in the preparation of conference proceedings.

We look forward for your continuing supports and active participations in the next International Conference on Technology and Operations Management.

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Awarded to

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As Presenter

The 3rd International Conference on Technology and Operations Management
'Sustaining Competitiveness through Green Technology Management'

East Hall - School of Business and Management ITB



Bandung, July 4-6, 2012

Dean,

Prof. Dr. Sudarso Kaderi Wiryono

Eco-sustainable Campus Initiatives: A Web Content Analysis

G. Gunawan, E. Tarigan, +1 author [Lisa Mardiono](#) · Published 4 July 2012 · Education

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1

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Though many prominent universities in the world have been implementing the sustainability programs for many years, few universities in Indonesia are just start taking the initiative to develop eco-campus, sustainable campus or green campus. In this current state, the Indonesian universities are still lack of practical framework to guide their sustainability programs. While some articles offer conceptual or practical sustainability frameworks, the actual campus sustainability practices are not much explored. This paper fills the gap by investigating the actual campus sustainability practices from some major universities in the world. The findings shows that campus sustainability initiative is commonly implemented with

an integrated approach covering environmental management, green building, public participation, teaching and research. In addition, the initiative is guided by a high level sustainability policy/plan, and the presence of dedicated organizational unit to manage sustainability program. Furthermore, the investigation of the Indonesian university shows that only four of ten sites have a dedicated a sub-domain web site for the sustainability initiative, the real activities are still minimum, and the absence of a dedicated organizational unit. The findings could help Indonesian universities in their sustainability endeavor. [Collapse](#)

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Table 1. Sample of universities

| No. | Top 10 Google search | top 10 U.S. Green Metric 2011 ranking | top 10 Indonesian university in U.S. Green Metric 2011 ranking |
|-----|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | University of Maryland | University of Nottingham | Universitas Indonesia |
| 2 | Northern Arizona University | Northeastern University | Institut Pertanian Bogor |
| 3 | University of Sydney | University of Connecticut | Institut Teknologi Bandung |
| 4 | University of Melbourne | University College Cork | Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember |
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| 8 | University of Chicago | Washington University in St. Louis | Universitas Lampung |
| 9 | Clark University | University of California Merced | Universitas Bengkulu |
| 10 | University of Pennsylvania | University of Bath | Universitas Sebelas Maret |

Table 1

Table 2. Findings

| Sustainable programs | UIGM + Google | | Indonesian | |
|--|---------------|------|------------|-----|
| | count | pct | count | pct |
| 1. Environmental Management Systems | | | | |
| a. Environmental Management and Improvement | | | | |
| waste management | 19 | 95% | 4 | 40% |
| energy efficiency | 19 | 95% | 4 | 40% |
| water | 16 | 80% | 4 | 40% |
| purchasing | 18 | 90% | 0 | 0% |
| b. Green campus | | | | |
| building | 18 | 90% | 3 | 30% |
| transportation | 17 | 85% | 3 | 30% |
| campus preservation | 12 | 60% | 4 | 40% |
| 2. Public Participation & Social responsibility | | | | |
| public participation | 9 | 45% | 1 | 10% |
| community service | 9 | 45% | 1 | 10% |
| social justice | 1 | 5% | 0 | 0% |
| 3. Sustainability Teaching & Research | | | | |
| conference, seminar, workshop | 2 | 10% | 0 | 0% |
| course & curriculum | 15 | 75% | 0 | 0% |
| R&D | 16 | 80% | 1 | 10% |
| 4. Additional | | | | |
| sustainability policy | 18 | 90% | 4 | 40% |
| organization & governance | 18 | 90% | 0 | 0% |
| dedicated web | 20 | 100% | 4 | 40% |
| internal participation | 13 | 65% | 3 | 30% |
| assessment | 9 | 45% | 0 | 0% |
| climate change | 8 | 40% | 0 | 0% |
| food | 6 | 30% | 0 | 0% |

Table 2

8 Citations

Web Content Analysis On Sustainable Campus Operation (SCO) Initiatives

[R. Razman](#), [A. H. Abdullah](#), [A. Wahid](#), [R. Muslim](#) · Education, Business · 2017

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[S. Darabi](#), [N. Azizi](#), [J. Salimi](#), [Naser Shirabegi](#) · Education · Iranian Journal of Educational Sociology · 2019

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[O. Saadatian](#), [K. Dola](#), [I. Salleh](#), [O. M. Tahir](#) · Education · 2011

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