# RESEARCH ARTICLE

# Thymoquinone Modulates Local MMP-9, IL-10, and IgG in Sciatic Nerve Crush Injury Animal Model

Valentinus Besin<sup>1,\*</sup>, Abdul Hafid Bajamal<sup>2</sup>, I Ketut Sudiana<sup>3</sup>, Mangestuti Agil<sup>4</sup>, Jusak Nugraha<sup>5</sup>, Mohammad Hasan Machfoed<sup>(†),6</sup>, Paulus Budiono Notopuro<sup>5</sup>, Naesilla<sup>7</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Surabaya, Jl. Raya Kalirungkut, Surabaya, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>Department of Neurosurgery, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>3</sup>Department of Anatomical Pathology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>4</sup>Faculty of Pharmacy, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>5</sup>Department of Clinical Pathology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>6</sup>Department of Neurology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>6</sup>Department of Neurology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>6</sup>Department of Neurology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia
 <sup>6</sup>Department of Neurology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Jl. Mayjen Prof. Dr. Moestopo No.47, Surabaya, 60132, Indonesia

\*Corresponding author. E-mail: valentinusbesin@staff.ubaya.id

Received date: Jul 28, 2022; Revised date: Aug 19, 2022; Accepted date: Aug 22, 2022

#### Abstract

**ACKGROUND:** Interleukin (IL)-10 is involved in Wallerian degeneration after peripheral nerve crush injury. Oral thymoquinone was previously observed to decrease local immunoglobulin-G (IgG) in a crushinjured rat model. No study has evaluated the pathway of various thymoquinone dosages on local IgG and IL-10 in this injury.

**METHODS:** This experimental study used 126 *Rattus norvegicus* Wistar rats that were divided into 18 groups: six groups received a placebo, the other six groups received thymoquinone at 100 mg/kg/day and the last six groups received thymoquinone at 250 mg/kg/day, respectively. Rats were sacrificed at 12, 18, 24, 5x24, 6x24, and 7x24 hours. Matrix metalloproteinase-9 (MMP-9), IL-10, and local IgG levels were assessed by Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). The nuclear factor KappaB

 $(NF-\kappa B)$  expressions on Schwann cells were examined by flow cytometry. Path analysis was performed using SmartPLS.

**RESULTS:** The path analysis showed that 100 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone significantly decreased NF- $\kappa$ B expression. However, NF- $\kappa$ B did not affect local MMP-9, and MMP-9 had no significant relationship with local IL-10 and IgG. Thymoquinone 250 mg/kg/day also significantly inhibited NF-kB expression, decreased local MMP-9, and, in turn, decreased local IL-10 and IgG.

**CONCLUSION:** Administration of oral thymoquinone 250 mg/kg/day decreases local IgG and IL-10 levels via suppressing NF-κB expression and MMP-9 levels.

**KEYWORDS:** thymoquinone, crush injury, IgG, IL-10, MMP-9, NF-κB

Indones Biomed J. 2022; 14(3): 316-22

#### Introduction

Crush injury is an injury to the peripheral nerve induced by severe trauma and compression by a blunt object.(1) About 2.8% of trauma patients exhibited peripheral nerve damage.(2) The sciatic nerve is the peripheral nerve of the lower extremity most frequently injured by trauma, with a prevalence rate of 30%, while fracture and perioperative events cause 7.9-75% and 5-15%, respectively.(3,4) Several sensory and motor functional rehabilitation treatments for peripheral nerve damage, including surgery, medication, electrical stimulation, and herbal treatment, show unsatisfactory results. Recovery from peripheral nerve

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

crush injuries is frequently inadequate and can take several months and years.(5-7)

Wallerian degeneration, axonal regeneration, and functional reinnervation of end organs are the three processes necessary for recovery from a peripheral nerve crush injury. Wallerian degeneration must occur before axonal regeneration since it creates a milieu favorable to axon development and end-organ reinnervation.(1,8) This degeneration involves the production of matrix metalloprotease 9 (MMP-9) by Schwann cells and macrophages, which compromises the blood-nerve barrier, allowing macrophage infiltration and subsequent myelin degradation.(9,10) Distal-lesion immunoglobulin G (IgG) localization findings characterized the involvement of adaptive immune response in Wallerian degeneration. A prior study found that local IgG findings negatively correlated to neuronal regeneration.(11) Schwann cells induce a C-C motif chemokine ligand 2 (CCL-2) regulatory signal that stimulates M2 macrophage polarization. These M2 macrophages will increase the expression of interleukin (IL)-10, a cytokine that regulates the inflammatory response. IL-10 can further inhibit MMP-9 synthesis, reduce macrophage infiltration and myelin destruction, increase immunoglobulin production, and limit T-cell activation and differentiation to suppress the adaptive immune system. (9,10,12-14) Meanwhile, nuclear factor kappaB (NFκB) activation during neuroinflammation also induces the release of tumor necrosis factor (TNF)- $\alpha$  and different ILs, including IL-6 and IL-1a, while reducing the secretion of IL-10.(15,16)

Thymoquinone is one of the herbal treatments studied to enhance motor performance following sciatic nerve crush injury.(17) Thymoquinone has an anti-inflammatory feature on Schwann cells and macrophages. The antiinflammatory effect results from decreased NF-kB activation and cytokine production suppression.(18) Our earlier study showed that crush-injured rats treated with thymoquinone significantly decreased local IgG antibody levels.(19) A study previously employed 100 mg/kg of thymoquinone as a successful oral dosage in a Wistar rat model of neuropathic pain.(20) Another study indicated that the maximal oral intake of thymoquinone for rats of both genders is 250 mg/kg.(15) To the best of our knowledge, there has been no research addressing the pathway mechanism of 100 mg/kg/day and 250 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone on local MMP-9, IL-10, and IgG levels, critical components of the immune system in peripheral nerve damage, hence we conducted this study to analyze the mechanism.

#### Methods

#### **Animals Models**

One hundred twenty-six male Wistar rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) aged 18 to 20 weeks and weighing 300 to 350 grams were maintained under Institutional Animal Care and Ethics Committee standards. All rats received food and drink *ad libitum* and were identically kept in a cage to minimize environmental confounders. The rats were separated into three groups: Group A (A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, and A6 subgroups) that received corn oil as a placebo treatment, Group B (B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, and B6 subgroups) that received 100 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone, and Group C (C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, and C6 subgroups) that received 250 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone. Each subgroup consisted of 7 rats.

The Sciatic Functional Index (SFI) was evaluated on all rats the day before the surgery. Prior to the crush injury treatment, 100 mg/kg of ketamine and 10 mg/kg of xylazine was injected intraperitoneally into the rats to induce anesthesia.(21) After making a small incision and carefully separating the surrounding tissue, the sciatic nerve was identified 10 mm above the left sciatic nerve's trifurcation. Kelly hemostatic forceps were used to compress the nerve for 30 seconds.(22) The procedure had been approved by the Health Research Ethical Committee of Airlangga University's Faculty of Medicine in Surabaya (No. 4/EC/ KEPK/FKUA/2021).

#### **Thymoquinone Preparation**

The thymoquinone was purchased from Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. (Dallas, TX, United States) with a purity of 98%. It was dissolved in corn oil before being administered to rats. Thymoquinone was administered orally daily using an orogastric tube. As soon as the anesthesia from the procedure wore off, the group-specific dose was administered once daily until sacrificed.

#### **Animal Termination and Sample Preparation**

Animal euthanasia was performed at the end of the observation period and performed by administering an overdose of pentobarbital (300mg/kg) intraperitoneally.(21) Each subgroup had a different termination time. Subgroup code 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 was terminated 12, 18, 24, 5x24, 6x24, and 7x24 hours after the crush injury, respectively. Samples of injured sciatic nerve tissue were taken 5 mm distal to the lesion based on the procedure reported by a previous study.(23)

#### Measurement of MMP-9, IL-10 and IgG

The 600 L PRO-PREP solution was used to homogenize the sciatic nerve tissue. In addition, 20-30 minutes of incubation at -20°C in a refrigerator caused cell lysis. For five minutes, centrifugation was done at 13,000 rpm and 4°C. The sample's supernatant was then poured into a 1.5 mL tube. Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) was used for all protein measurement procedures based on manufacturer instruction (Elabscience, Wuhan, China). The optical density value on each well was calculated using a micro-plate reader on 450nm.(24)

#### Measurement of NF-KB on Schwann Cells

The sciatic nerve was crushed, and 1-2 mL of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) was added. The nerve section was ground to a homogeneous suspension and continued with the addition of 10 mL of PBS to rinse off the grind. The cell suspension was collected by first filtering using a 200-mesh cell strainer. The centrifugation on 300 g was conducted for 5 minutes at room temperature, and the supernatant was removed. Cells were rinsed with PBS and combined with 0.1% bovine serum albumin (BSA) 2 times. This process was repeated several times until the final sample concentration was 10<sup>6</sup> cells/µL. The sample required for flow cytometry was 50 µL and homogenized with NaCl 0.9% followed by 50 µL PBS. As much as 2.5 µL PerCP/Cyanine 5.5 antirat CD45 Antibody (Biolegend, San Diego, CA, USA) was then added to the tube.

After 15 minutes of incubation in the dark at room temperature, 1 mL of lysing solution was added and slowly mixed. The tubes were incubated in the dark at room temperature for another 10 minutes before being centrifuged at 1200 rpm for 5 minutes. Cytofix/cytoperm solution 250 µL was then added to the tube, which was then incubated for 20 minutes at 4°C in a dark room. One mL of perm wash reagent was added to the tube and then centrifuged at 1200 rpm for five minutes, and the supernatant was removed. A 2.5 μL rat NF-κB p65 antibody was added. The tube was incubated at 4°C for thirty minutes, centrifuged at 1200 rpm per minute for another five minutes, and then the supernatant was removed. Formaldehyde 1% was added to 500 µL. The tubes were incubated at 4°C for thirty minutes. The readings were conducted using the BD FACSCalibur<sup>™</sup> Flow Cytometer (BD, Franklin Lakes, NJ, USA).

#### **Statistical Analysis**

Descriptive data was presented in table and line graphs. Data distribution normality was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. As the analysis showed that the data were not normally distributed, this study would present the data as the median (min-max). The analysis was performed with SPSS Statistics for Windows, Version 25.0 (IBM Corporation, Armonk, NY, USA). This study performed path analysis using multiple linear regression tests to determine the pathway mechanism. Path analysis was conducted with SmartPLS.

## Results

Median data of NF- $\kappa$ B, MMP-9, and IL-10 level in each termination period was presented in Table 1 and Figure 1. Rats that were given 100 and 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone had lower NF- $\kappa$ B levels compared to rats that were given placebo at 12 hours, 18 hours, and 24 hours after injury, suggesting that the administration of 100 and 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone were able to able to decreased NF- $\kappa$ B levels. MMP-9 levels in the group that were given 100 and 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone were lower than the placebo group with a similar pattern, except at 18 hours. Likewise, the groups that were given 100 and 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone also showed decreased IL-10 levels than the placebo group, except at 18 hours, the level where the placebo group sharply decreased.

Path analysis using a linear regression test showed that oral administration of 100 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone significantly decreased NF- $\kappa$ B expression ( $\beta$ =-0.476; p=0.007). However, NF- $\kappa$ B did not significantly affected MMP-9 ( $\beta$ =-0.200; p=0.188). This level did not have significant association to local IgG ( $\beta$ =-0.174; p=0.236) nor IL-10 ( $\beta$ =0.216; p=0.165) (Figure 2).

Similar to 100 mg/kg/day thymoquinone, 250 mg/kg/ day of orally administered thymoquinone also significantly decreased NF- $\kappa$ B expression. The inhibition of NF- $\kappa$ B expression could reduce MMP-9 level significantly ( $\beta$ =-0.328; *p*=0.046). The decreased level of MMP9 will lead to decreased level of local IgG ( $\beta$ =-0.485; *p*=0.001) and IL-10 ( $\beta$ =-0,418; *p*=0.023) (Figure 3).

#### Discussion

This study demonstrated that 100 and 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone significantly lowered NF- $\kappa$ B expression in Schwann cells. In the subsequent path analysis, however, it was determined that in Schwann cells, only decreased NF- $\kappa$ B induced by 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone could further significantly lower the MMP-9 level. This observation is consistent with the finding that decreased MMP-9

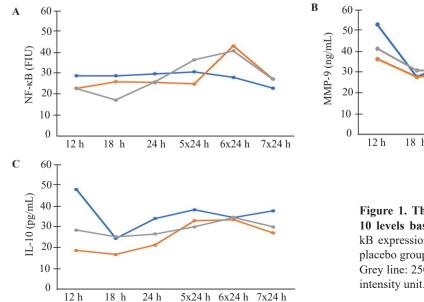
Termination		Median (Min – Max)			
Period	Variable	Placebo	100 mg/kg Thymoquinone	250 mg/kg Thymoquinone	
12 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	28.36 (24.76–34.57)	22.47 (17.78 - 30.23)	22.34 (18.65 - 30.31)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	52.77 (34.46 - 99.29)	36.28 (17.72 - 41.32)	41.32 (26.10 - 65.46)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	46.24 (23.27 - 64.34)	18.10 (6.10 – 34.81)	27.44 (17.28 - 41.67)	
18 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	28.39 (17.47 - 31.91)	25.57 (22.88 - 38.89)	16.94 (14.07 – 19.28)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	27.83 (19.86 - 39.59)	27.68 (18.86 - 51.52)	30.88 (26.77 - 39.49)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	23.63 (13.21 - 32.52)	16.18 (8.13 – 29.47)	24.39 (7.88 - 48.02)	
24 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	29.32 (24.58 - 37.18)	25.25 (16.70 - 48.26)	25.48 (22.88 - 62.64)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	35.66 (17.65 - 50.09)	29.56 (14.10 - 45.53)	31.07 (23.75 - 76.88)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	32.77 (16.26 - 44.97)	20.58 (18.04 - 44.46)	25.66 (12.45 - 46.75)	
5x24 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	30.27 (26.18 - 51.40)	24.58 (21.10 - 34.29)	35.92 (31.62 - 63.21)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	16.70 (12.26 - 71.17)	14.51 (12.46 - 15.27)	11.59 (8.78 – 15.89)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	36.84 (22.10 - 71.93)	31.76 (7.37 - 59.96)	28.96 (22.61 - 35.06)	
6x24 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	27.63 (23.29 - 50.940)	42.54 (40.68 - 55.23)	40.16 (37.52 - 56.23)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	13.84 (11.23 – 24.97)	12.31 (10.01 - 15.70)	14.45 (11.69 – 18.46)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	33.28 (28.71 - 99.06)	32.27 (23.12 - 42.43)	33.28 (26.42 - 41.41)	
7x24 hours	NF-κB (FIU)	22.58 (17.00 - 30.78)	26.89 (22.67 - 57.25)	26.79 (19.46 - 50.94)	
	MMP-9 (ng/mL)	12.00 (9.96 - 15.74)	12.61 (8.68 - 16.07)	12.92 (10.21 - 15.43)	
	IL-10 (pg/mL)	36.33 (15.50 - 44.72)	26.17 (17.02 - 35.06)	28.96 (22.61 - 35.06)	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

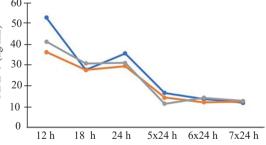
Table 1. The NF-KB expression, MMP-9 level, and IL-10 levels among rats in each group.

FIU: Fluorescent intensity unit.

expression or production results from NF- $\kappa$ B inhibition.(25) This drop in the MMP-9 level also resulted in a substantial reduction in IgG levels.

Schwann cells and macrophages are two crucial innate immune cells implicated in Wallerian degeneration.(26) As an initial response to crush injury, Schwann cells have been discovered to activate the transcription factor NF- $\kappa$ B. Activated NF- $\kappa$ B induces pro-inflammatory cytokines such as cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), inducible nitric oxide synthase (iNOS), and prostaglandin E synthase-1, while in Schwann cells, it can promote TNF- $\alpha$  and boost the activity of MMP-9. Thymoquinone decrease NF- $\kappa$ Bdependent neuroinflammation in microglia by reducing iNOS protein levels, NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitor phosphorylation, and NF- $\kappa$ B DNA binding.(15) In lowering the phosphorylation of NF- $\kappa$ B, thymoquinone can inhibit interleukin-1 receptorassociated kinase 1 (IRAK1) either directly or indirectly by suppressing the ubiquitylation of IRAK1 and TNF receptorassociated factor 6 (TRAF6) complex. IRAK1 is a critical component between toll-like receptors (TLR) stimulation as tissue injury response and subsequent NF- $\kappa$ B activation in macrophages.(27)





**Figure 1. The NF-KB expression, MMP-9 level, and IL-10 levels based on the rats' termination period.** A: NFkB expression; B: MMP-9 level; C: IL-10 level. Blue line: placebo group; Orange line: 100 mg/kg thymoquinone group; Grey line: 250 mg/kg thymoquinone group. FIU: Fluorescent intensity unit.

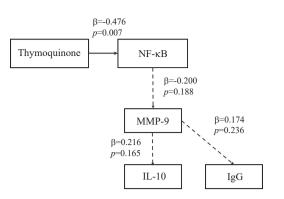


Figure 2. Pathway analysis for the oral administration of 100 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone. Solid arrow: statistically significant; Dashed arrow: statistically insignificant.

The NF- $\kappa$ B-mediated neuroinflammation mechanism was believed to be thymoquinone-induced activation of the Nrf2/ARE signaling.(15) Another study believed that thymoquinone acts at two levels in the NF- $\kappa$ B signaling pathway: directly interacting with the p65 subunit and suppressing TNF-induced inhibitor of NF- $\kappa$ B kinase (IKK) activation.(28) The potential inhibition of Schwann cell NF- $\kappa$ B expression by oral thymoquinone 250 mg/day given as soon as possible favors nerve regeneration. A prior study found that despite suppressing NF- $\kappa$ B activation, this would be followed by a significant increase in motor neuron regeneration on day 65 after nerve injury.(29)

As previously mentioned, MMP-9 is a fascinating member of the MMP family that is predominantly discovered in injured adult Schwann cells. Other cells, including endothelial and immune cells, release MMP-9 (gelatinase B) in response to damage to regulate blood-nerve barrier breakdown, immune cell recruitment, glial activation, de- and re-myelination, and also pain. Due to MMP-9 modulation of myelin protein degradation and macrophage migration into injured sciatic nerves, MMP-9 knockedout mice are notably protected from peripheral Wallerian degeneration.(30) Similar to our findings, prior studies have shown that thymoquinone may inhibit MMP-9 synthesis in several settings, including neuroblastoma cell lines but not in vascular smooth muscle cells.(31,32) Specifically, one study discovered that treatment with thymoguinone in a polycystic ovary rat model blocked NF-KB-mediated reductions in MMP-9 levels, lowering its activity.(33) This result was comparable to our study finding in 250 mg/kg of thymoquinone administration on crush injuries.

This study demonstrated that thymoquinone 250 mg/ kg/day decreased local IgG levels via decreasing MMP-9 levels. It is believed that MMP-9 has a role in the recruitment of macrophages to the lesion site. M1 macrophages generate

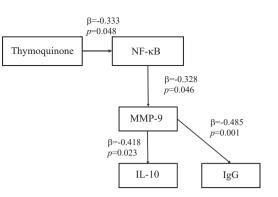


Figure 3. Pathway analysis for the oral administration of 250 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone. Solid arrow: statistically significant; Dashed arrow: statistically insignificant.

the cytokines IL-23 that induce autoantibodies.(34,35) The presence of autoantibodies in the deteriorated nerve is indicated by the presence of IgG antibodies in the distal section of the damaged nerve six days after crush injury. (36) This local finding of IgG negatively correlates with neuron regeneration, as elevated local IgG concentrations impair nerve regeneration.(11) Administration of 250 mg/ kg of thymoquinone was also demonstrated to significantly reduce IL-10 levels by inhibiting NF-kB expression and decreasing MMP-9 levels. IL-10 is a potent broad-spectrum that release anti-inflammatory cytokine implicated in various inflammatory and autoimmune diseases.(37) It protects the nerve by reducing neuroinflammation apoptosis via NF-kB suppression promoting tissue recovery such as axon regeneration and improving of motor and sensory function.(38,39) However, thymoquinone administration in our study decreases the IL-10 level instead of increasing it. The previous study's finding might explain our results. They observed that various injuries type could create distinct IL-10 characteristics, in which more prolonged exposure may induce a more robust response, resulting in a higher amount of IL-10. Meanwhile, the IL-10 level was significantly decreased in partial ligation of the sciatic nerve group.(40) This study only has short observation period and limited examined parameter, hence it is necessary to also examine other related parameters that might be related, such as IL-23 or IL-6.

#### Conclusion

Both oral administration of 100 and 250 mg/kg hymoquinone significantly decreases NF- $\kappa$ B expression. However, only oral administration of 250 mg/kg/day of thymoquinone, that were given immediately after peripheral nerve crush injury,

can significantly further decreases local IgG and IL-10 levels via inhibiting NF- $\kappa$ B expression and MMP-9 levels. More comprehensive studies with different types of injury might be helpful to confirm our results. Future pathway analysis is required and expected to include other variables that may play a role in the adaptive immune system, such as apoptotic regulators.

## Acknowledgements

The authors express gratitude to the staffs of Institute of Tropical Disease, Universitas Airlangga; Research and Development Division of Clinical Pathology Dr. Soetomo Hospital Surabaya; Department of Clinical Pathology, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga; as well as the Department of Biochemistry, Faculty of Medicine, University Airlangga, for their support during this study.

# Authors Contribution

VB, AHB, and MHM were involved in the research's planning and supervision. VB, JN, and PBN, IKS, and MA participated in sample processing and measurement. VB and PBN participated in data processing, statistical analysis and computations, as well as table and figure compilation. VB, AHB, JN, IKS, MA, and N contributed in drafting the manuscript. VB, AHB, JN, IKS, MA, PBN, and N contributed to the discussion of the results and critical suggestions for the manuscript.

# References

- Menorca RMG, Fussell TS, Elfar JC. Peripheral nerve trauma: mechanisms of injury and recovery. Hand Clin. 2013; 29(3): 317-30.
- Belkas JS, Shoichet MS, Midha R. Peripheral nerve regeneration through guidance tubes. Neurol Res. 2004; 26(2): 151-60.
- Issack PS, Helfet DL. Sciatic nerve injury associated with acetabular fractures. HSS Journal. 2009; 5(1): 12-8.
- Immerman I, Price AE, Alfonso I, Grossman JAI. Lower extremity nerve trauma. Bull Hosp Joint Dis. 2014; 72(1): 43-52.
- Hussain G, Wang J, Rasul A, Anwar H, Qasim M, Zafar S, *et al.* Current status of therapeutic approaches against peripheral nerve injuries: A detailed story from injury to recovery. Int J Biol Sci. 2020; 16(1): 116-34.
- Portincasa A, Gozzo G, Parisi D, Annacontini L, Campanale A, Basso G, *et al.* Microsurgical treatment of injury to peripheral nerves in upper and lower limbs: A critical review of the last 8 years. Microsurgery. 2007; 27(5): 455-62.

- Noble J, Munro CA, Prasad VSSV, Midha R. Analysis of upper and lower extremity peripheral nerve injuries in a population of patients with multiple injuries. J Trauma. 1998; 45(1): 116-22.
- Alvites R, Rita Caseiro A, Santos Pedrosa S, Vieira Branquinho M, Ronchi G, Geuna S, *et al.* Peripheral nerve injury and axonotmesis: State of the art and recent advances. Cogent Medicine. 2018; 5(1): 1-45.
- Rotshenker S. Wallerian degeneration: the innate-immune response to traumatic nerve injury. J Neuroinflammation. 2011; 8: 109. doi: 10.1186/1742-2094-8-109.
- DeFrancesco-Lisowitz A, Lindborg JA, Niemi JP, Zigmond RE. The neuroimmunology of degeneration and regeneration in the peripheral nervous system. Neuroscience. 2015; 302: 174-203.
- Chen YM, Shen RW, Zhang B, Zhang WN. Regional tissue immune responses after sciatic nerve injury in rats. Int J Clin Exp Med. 2015; 8(8): 13408-12.
- Couper KN, Blount DG, Riley EM. IL-10: the master regulator of immunity to infection. J Immunol. 2008; 180(9): 5771-7.
- Meiliana A, Wijaya A. Macrophage polarization in metabolism and metabolic disease. Indones Biomed J. 2013; 5(2): 81-90.
- Nurdianto AR, Arwati H, Dachlan YP, Febiyanti DA. The relationship of hemoglobin, interleukin-10 and tumor necrosis factor alpha levels in asymptomatic malaria patients in Trenggalek, Jawa Timur, Indonesia. Mol Cell Biomed Sci. 2019; 3(1): 13-6.
- Farkhondeh T, Samarghandian S, Shahri AMP, Samini F. The neuroprotective effects of thymoquinone: A review. Dose-Response. 2018; 16(2): 1-11.
- Sidharta BRA, Purwanto B, Wasita B, Widyaningsih V, Soetrisno S. Single or divided administration of cisplatin can induce inflammation and oxidative stress in male Sprague-Dawley rats. Indones Biomed J. 2022; 14(2): 164-71.
- Araújo-Filho HG, Quintans-Júnior LJ, Barreto AS, Almeida JRGS, Barreto RSS, Quintans JSS. Neuroprotective effect of natural products on peripheral nerve degeneration: a systematic review. Neurochem Res. 2016; 41(4): 647-58.
- Sereflican M, Yurttas V, Ozyalvacli G, Terzi EH, Turkoglu SA, Yildiz S, *et al.* The histopathological and electrophysiological effects of thymoquinone and methylprednisolone in a rabbit traumatic facial nerve paralysis model. Am J Otolaryngol. 2016; 37(5): 407-15.
- Besin V, Bajamal AH, Machfoed MH, Nugraha J, Utomo B, Notopuro PB. The effect of thymoquinone administration on local immunoglobulin-G levels of Rattus norvegicus strain wistar sciatic nerve crush injury model. Indones Biomed J. 2022; 14(1): 91-7.
- Çelik F, Göçmez C, Karaman H, Kamaşak K, Kaplan I, Akil E, *et al.* Therapeutic effects of thymoquinone in a model of neuropathic pain. Curr Ther Res Clin Exp. 2014; 76: 11-6.
- Bauder AR, Ferguson TA. Reproducible mouse sciatic nerve crush and subsequent assessment of regeneration by whole mount muscle analysis. J Vis Exp. 2012; (60): 3606. doi: 10.3791/3606.
- Ogden M, Karaca SB, Aydin G, Yuksel U, Dagli AT, Akkaya S, *et al.* The healing effects of thymoquinone and dexpanthenol in sciatic nerve compression injury in rats. J Invest Surg. 2021; 34(5): 504-12.
- Bala U, Tan KL, Ling KH, Cheah PS. Harvesting the maximum length of sciatic nerve from adult mice: A step-by-step approach. BMC Res Notes. 2014; 7(1): 714. doi: 10.1186/1756-0500-7-714.
- 24. Elabscience. Rat MMP-9 (Matrix Metalloproteinase 9) ELISA Kit. Wuhan: Elabscience; 2022.
- Chattopadhyay S, Myers RR, Janes J, Shubayev V. Cytokine regulation of MMP-9 in peripheral glia: Implications for pathological processes and pain in injured nerve. Brain Behav Immun. 2007; 21(5): 561-8.
- Mokarram N, Merchant A, Mukhatyar V, Patel G, Bellamkonda R
   v. Effect of modulating macrophage phenotype on peripheral nerve

repair. Biomaterials. 2012; 33(34): 8793-801.

- Hossen MJ, Yang WS, Kim D, Aravinthan A, Kim JH, Cho JY. Thymoquinone: An IRAK1 inhibitor with in vivo and in vitro antiinflammatory activities. Sci Rep. 2017; 7: 42995. doi: 10.1038/ srep42995.
- Sethi G, Ahn KS, Aggarwal BB. Targeting nuclear factor-κB activation pathway by thymoquinone: role in suppression of antiapoptotic gene products and enhancement of apoptosis. Mol Cancer Res. 2008; 6(6): 1059-70.
- Morton PD, Johnstone JT, Ramos AY, Liebl DJ, Bunge MB, Bethea JR. Nuclear factor-κB activation in Schwann cells regulates regeneration and remyelination. Glia. 2012; 60(4): 639-50.
- Chattopadhyay S, Shubayev VI. MMP-9 controls Schwann cell proliferation and phenotypic remodeling via IGF-1 and ErbB receptor-mediated activation of MEK/ERK pathway. Glia. 2009; 57(12): 1316-25.
- Arumugam P, Subramanian R, Priyadharsini JV, Gopalswamy J. Thymoquinone inhibits the migration of mouse neuroblastoma (Neuro-2a) cells by down-regulating MMP-2 and MMP-9. Chin J Nat Med. 2016; 14(12): 904-12.
- Zhu N, Xiang Y, Zhao X, Cai C, Chen H, Jiang W, *et al.* Thymoquinone suppresses platelet-derived growth factor-BB–induced vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation, migration and neointimal formation. J Cell Mol Med. 2019; 23(12): 8482-92.
- Arif M, Thakur SC, Datta K. Implication of thymoquinone as a remedy for polycystic ovary in rat. Pharm Biol. 2016; 54(4): 674-

85.

- 34. Akhtari M, Zargar SJ, Vojdanian M, Jamshidi A, Mahmoudi M. Monocyte-derived and M1 macrophages from ankylosing spondylitis patients released higher TNF-α and expressed more IL1B in response to BzATP than macrophages from healthy subjects. Sci Rep. 2021; 11(1): 17842. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-96262-2.
- Hong H, Gao M, Wu Q, Yang P, Liu S, Li H, *et al.* IL-23 promotes a coordinated B cell germinal center program for class-switch recombination to IgG2b in BXD2 mice. J Immunol. 2020; 205(2): 346-58.
- Vargas ME, Barres BA. Why is Wallerian degeneration in the CNS so slow? Annu Rev Neurosci. 2007; 30: 153-79.
- Febriza A, Ridwan R, As'ad S, Kasim VN, Idrus HH. Adiponectin and its role in inflammatory process of obesity. Mol Cell Biomed Sci. 2019; 3(2): 60-6.
- Yanik BM, Dauch JR, Cheng HT. Interleukin-10 reduces neurogenic inflammation and pain behavior in a mouse model of type 2 diabetes. J Pain Res. 2020; 13: 3499-512.
- Mietto BS, Kroner A, Girolami EI, Santos-Nogueira E, Zhang J, David S. Role of IL-10 in resolution of inflammation and functional recovery after peripheral nerve injury. J Neurosci. 2015; 35(50): 16431-42.
- Khan J, Ramadan K, Korczeniewska O, Anwer MM, Benoliel R, Eliav E. Interleukin-10 levels in rat models of nerve damage and neuropathic pain. Neurosci Lett. 2015; 592: 99-106.

# The Indonesian BIOMEDICAL JOURNAL



Volume 14 Number 2 June 2022

Published by:



Secretariat: Prodia Tower 9\* Floor Jl. Kramat Raya No.150, Jakarta 10430, Indonesia Tel.: +62-21-3144182 Fax.: +62-21-3144181 E-mail: Secretariat@InaBJ.org Website: www.InaBJ.org



Included in: Scopus' DOA Best terr for Ministration Clarivato Analyses

#### REVIEW ARTICLES

Update on Obesity: Induced Inflammation to Cause Cardiometabolic Diseases Mathana A, Wijapa A

# RESEARCH ARTICLES

Identification of MHC Class II Immunopeptidomes from Shigella flexneri 2a-infected Macrophages as Potential Vaccine Candidates Shahani NRM, Ismail CMKH, Leow CH, Mokhtar M, Singh KKB, Leow CY

Parathyroid Hormone-25(OH)D and Calcium-Phosphorus Ratio as Osteopenia Risk Factors in Women with Central Obesity Hendrianingtyan M, Rachmawati B, Riwanto I, Mulyono B, Subartono, Winarni TI, Suromo LB

Immunomodulatory Activity of Agarwood Aquilaria malaccansis Lamk. Leaf Extracts on Staphylococcus aureus-infected Macrophages in vitro Yana HY, Hidayati L, Wyayanti N, Naringtya TR

Single or Divided Administration of Cisplatin Can Induce Inflammation and Oxidative Stress in Male Sprague-Dawley Rats Staharta BRA, Purwanto B, Wanta B, Widyaningsth V, Soutrano

Matrix Metalloproteinase-3 Down Regulation and Cell Migration Inhibition in Human Pterygium Fibroblasts by Mitomycin-C, Curcumin and Fibrin Glue Ramadhan R Jamaluddin, Zuhria I, Indrianwati I, Komarath E

TNF-α, VEGF, and Procalcitonin Levels Dynamic Changes During Severe Traumatic Brain Injury

Havan D, Alzuabe M, Ismail Y, Al Tibt A, Abdebour A

Parkia speciosa Seeds Ethanol Extract as Co-chemotherapeutic Agent for Doxorubicin Toward Tongue Cancer Mohanani ES, Argin IN, Incon AN, Lukitasari Y, Sandra F

Transthyretin, Immature Platelet Fraction, and Mean Platelet Volume in Normotensive and Preeclampsia Pregnancy

Komuning AR, Wulanjani HA, Limijadi IEKS, Samsuria IK, Rachmawati B

Bifidobacterium lactis Inhibits iNOS Expression in LPS-stimulated RAW 264.7 Macrophages Negara BPSP, Chol JS

Vaginal Acidity Affects Vaginal Microbiota in Postmenopausal Women Solmin J, Purnomusori Y, Mulyawati SA, Purnomusori NI, Ariamowati, Sondra F

Purple Sweet Potato Reduces Malondialdehyde and TNF-a, Increases p53, and Protects Histopathological Appearance in Formaldehyde-induced Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma Rats Sustlawati NK, Sava IWPS, Suardana W, Maliawan S, Jawi IM, Romdhont AC, Kadriyan H, Putra IWGAE, Arijana KSKN

β-1,3/1,6-D-glucan of Mycelia Extract Posses Renal Protection Potential and Reduces Nitric Oxide in Obese Subjects Sargowo D. Rizal A, Waranugraha T, Rahtmah AF, Kamila PA, Fadlan MR, Rochmawati ID, Kahadi C, Komala YF, Pratiwi BB, Dewi SL, Nurwidyaningtyan W

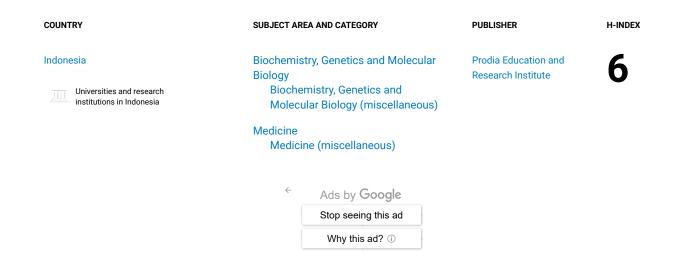


×	rnal	
₽ Home about login register search current archives announc	EMENTS ARTICLE IN PRES	SS
tome > Vol 14, No 3 (2022)		USER
ihe Indonesian Biomedical Journal		Username
	Triat 2004-2007-2007- Online 2004-2005-41/7	Password Remember me
	lonesian AL JOURNAL	Login Indexation Pages
naBJ is published by the Prodia Education and Research Institute. InaBJ has been indexed by Scopus, homson Reuters, DOAJ, etc, and also has been accredited by Ministry of Research, Technology and Higher ducation of the Republic of Indonesia and Indonesian Institute of Sciences.	hadnes in Moldaring handlis Sesabitity +	Indonesian Biomedical Journal
	784. (Advance) & Noyani C. Sandhari, J. Bahamada H. E. Ma Companyi Carl, Carlan San, Han Kara, Mananda H. E. Ma Karagawa Carl, Carlan Sandhari, C. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, H. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, H. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, Sandhari, S. Sandhari, S. Sandhari, S. Sand	Q4 Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biolog
Print ISSN: 2085-3297 Online ISSN: 2355-9179	V. adder MCRI in Park Jamed Screening Followed by 20-analysis (Amaria, Ir-Anima ): Experimentia Territoria Montenens of Portunitive Taylores of Conducid Captorum, Registra, MA (Second Captorum, Registra, MA 10) Screen Monoghettia a Montenzianetti Captorescolar 200 Screen 10-boochettia (Darras, Madrey Diamen diago 10), Monogenettia Paragerichia and Materia Camento 200 Screen 10-boochettia (Darras, Madrey Diamen diago 10), Monogenettia (Darras, Madrey Diago 10), Monogenettia	SJR 2021
bolade in Scoper DOUTING Control of Control	mangen angeneration in Paperson and Annotae Angeneration in The Paperson II The Paper Angenesis and Andreas Series of Angenesis Annotae Angenesis and Ostadario Steens in and Angenesis Annotae Angenesis and Ostadario Steens in and Land Machel, Linkon and Jan Angenesis and Series Angenesis Annotae Angenesis Angenesis Angenesis Angenesis Machael Angenesis Annotae And Series Angenesis Angenesis Angenesis Angenesis Angenesis Annotae And Series Angenesis Angene	0.18powered by scimagojr.c
	Canadan and Change and	Visit counter: 00064083 View Website Statistics
Announcements		JOURNAL CONTENT
CAN MARKEN JOURNAL ENSIN 1266 4665		Browse
Posted: 2022-06-28	More	» By Issue » By Author » By Title
Posted: 2022-06-28	More	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> </ul>
Posted: 2022-06-28		» By Author » By Title NOTIFICATIONS
Posted: 2022-06-28  ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents		<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents		<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>1001 1.0</li> <li>1.0</li> <li>1.0</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022)		<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>10</li>     &lt;</ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article <b>The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity</b> Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya	More Announcements	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>• Tot 1.0</li> <li>• So 52 1.0</li> <li>INFORMATION</li> <li>» For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>» For Librarians</li> <li>Journal Help</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya esearch Article Insulin Resistance and Other Adipokines as Clinical Predictors of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus among	More Announcements	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>1001</li> <li>10</li> <li>1005</li> <li>10</li> <li>INFORMATION</li> <li>» For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>» For Librarians</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article <b>The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity</b> Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya esearch Article <b>Insulin Resistance and Other Adipokines as Clinical Predictors of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus among</b> <b>Pregnant Women</b> <i>Raghda Abdulsamad Abdualhay, Adnan Jassim Mohammed Al-Fartosy</i> <b>Purple Sweet Potato Yogurt Affects Lipid Metabolism and Reduces Systemic Inflammation and Oxidative</b>	More Announcements PDF 226-42 PDF	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>• Tother Issue</li> <li>• Tother Issue</li> <li>• For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>&gt; For Librarians</li> <li>Journal Help</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya essearch Article Insulin Resistance and Other Adipokines as Clinical Predictors of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus among Pregnant Women Raghda Abdulsamad Abdualhay, Adnan Jassim Mohammed Al-Fartosy Purple Sweet Potato Yogurt Affects Lipid Metabolism and Reduces Systemic Inflammation and Oxidative Stress in High Fat Diet Mice Astrid Feinisa Khairani, Nur Atik, Putri Halleyana Adrikni Rahman, Enny Rohmawaty, Cynthia Noviyanti, Resti Santika, Jose Arimathea, Widad Aghnia Shalannandia Increased Platelet-derived Microparticles Counts is Correlated with Elevated Blood LDL Cholesterol in Acute	More Announcements PDF 226-42 PDF 243-51 PDF	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>• Tother Issue</li> <li>• Tother Issue</li> <li>• For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>&gt; For Librarians</li> <li>Journal Help</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya esearch Article Insulin Resistance and Other Adipokines as Clinical Predictors of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus among Pregnant Women Raghda Abdulsamad Abdualhay, Adnan Jassim Mohammed Al-Fartosy Purple Sweet Potato Yogurt Affects Lipid Metabolism and Reduces Systemic Inflammation and Oxidative Stress in High Fat Diet Mice Astrid Feinisa Khairani, Nur Atik, Putri Halleyana Adrikni Rahman, Enny Rohmawaty, Cynthia Noviyanti, Resti Santika, Jose Arimathea, Widad Aghnia Shalannandia Increased Platelet-derived Microparticles Counts is Correlated with Elevated Blood LDL Cholesterol in Acute Myocardial Infarction Kelvin Supriami, Ira Puspitawati, Dyah Samti Mayasari, Anggoro Budi Hartopo	More Announcements PDF 226-42 PDF 243-51 PDF 252-60 PDF	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>• Tot 1.0</li> <li>• So 52 1.0</li> <li>INFORMATION</li> <li>» For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>» For Librarians</li> <li>Journal Help</li> </ul>
ol 14, No 3 (2022) able of Contents eview Article The Importance of Metabolites in Modulating Insulin Sensitivity Anna Meiliana, Nurrani Mustika Dewi, Andi Wijaya essearch Article Insulin Resistance and Other Adipokines as Clinical Predictors of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus among Pregnant Women Raghda Abdulsamad Abdualhay, Adnan Jassim Mohammed AI-Fartosy Purple Sweet Potato Yogurt Affects Lipid Metabolism and Reduces Systemic Inflammation and Oxidative Stress in High Fat Diet Mice Astrid Feinisa Khairani, Nur Atik, Putri Halleyana Adrikni Rahman, Enny Rohmawaty, Cynthia Noviyanti, Resti Santika, Jose Arrimathea, Widad Aghnia Shalannandia Increased Platelet-derived Microparticles Counts is Correlated with Elevated Blood LDL Cholesterol in Acute Myocardial Infarction Kelvin Supriami, Ira Puspitawati, Dyah Samti Mayasari, Anggoro Budi Hartopo	More Announcements PDF 226-42 PDF 243-51 252-60 PDF 261-8 PDF	<ul> <li>» By Author</li> <li>» By Title</li> <li>NOTIFICATIONS</li> <li>» View</li> <li>» Subscribe</li> <li>CURRENT ISSUE</li> <li>• Tot 1.0</li> <li>• So 52 1.0</li> <li>INFORMATION</li> <li>» For Readers</li> <li>» For Authors</li> <li>» For Librarians</li> <li>Journal Help</li> </ul>

Carrier State	те v and / or мен as ru lja, Ani Melani Maskoen, Le	-		ror p-tnaiassemia	2	гог 282-8
	<b>GE Expression in Fetal N</b> , Monicha Zalzabilla Aldina:				28	PDF 39-93
Scores in Non-dialy Hendri Susilo, Budi S	G395A Gene Polymorph sis Chronic Kidney Dise Susetyo Pikir, Mochammad vid Setyo Budi, Laurentius	ase Thaha, Mochamad Yusuf .	Alsagaff, Satriyo Dwi Sury	-	294	PDF 4-302
Evaluations of Antibacterial Properties of Zingiber purpureum Essential Oil Against 13 Different Gram- positive and Gram-negative Bacteria Nataniel Tandirogang, Silvia Anitasari, Enos Tangke Arung, Swandari Paramita, Yung Kang Shen						iment 303-8
Model	s Inhibit Proinflammato wi, Dhani Redhono, Agung				30	PDF 199-15
Valentinus Besin, Ab	ulates Local MMP-9, IL dul Hafid Bajamal, I Ketut opuro, Naesilla Naesilla				31	PDF 16-22
Cytochrome c Relea	s Intrinsic Apoptotic Pa Ise mmad Ihsan Rizal, Ayasha		-		:	PDF 323-8
dexed by:						
Clarivate Analytics	Scopus	SJR SCImago Journal & Country Rank	DOAJ DIRECTORY OF OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS	Coogle.	<b>e</b> sînta	
_		HINARI		Academic	DUDINE	
GARUDA	Dimensions	Research in Health	INTERCAL JOURNAL EDITORS	Resource Index ResearchBib	<b>PKP</b>  INDEX	
	Open Academic Journals Index	Recented to direction		Index		
INDEX (COPERNICUS	OAJI Open Academic Journals Index	E-CO		Index ResearchBib		
	OAII Open Academic Journals Index	E-CO		Index ResearchBib		

					also developed	by scimago:		GO INSTITUTION	S RANKINGS
SJR	Scimago	Journal &	Country Rank			Enter Journa	l Title, ISSN or Pub	lisher Name	Q,
		Home	Journal Ranking	s Country Rank	kings Viz Tools	s Help	About Us		
	÷			Ads by G	poogle				
			S	Stop seeing this ad	Why this ad? ①				

# Indonesian Biomedical Journal 8



PUBLICATION TYPE		ISSN	COVERAGE	INFORMATION	
	Journals		20853297, 23559179	2017-2021	Homepage
					How to publish in this journal
					secretariat@inabj.org
	÷	Ads by <b>Goog</b>			
		Stop seeing this			
		Why this ad? (			

#### SCOPE

The Indonesian Biomedical Journal is an open access, peer-reviewed journal that encompasses all fundamental and molecular aspects of basic medical sciences, emphasizing on providing the molecular studies of biomedical problems and molecular mechanisms. The Indonesian Biomedical Journal is dedicated to publish original research and review articles covering all aspects in biomedical sciences. The editors will carefully select manuscript to present only the most recent findings in basic and clinical sciences. All professionals concerned with biomedical issues will find this journal a most valuable update to keep them abreast of the latest scientific development.

 $\bigcirc$  Join the conversation about this journal



Quartiles

 $\sim$ 

₹ 8

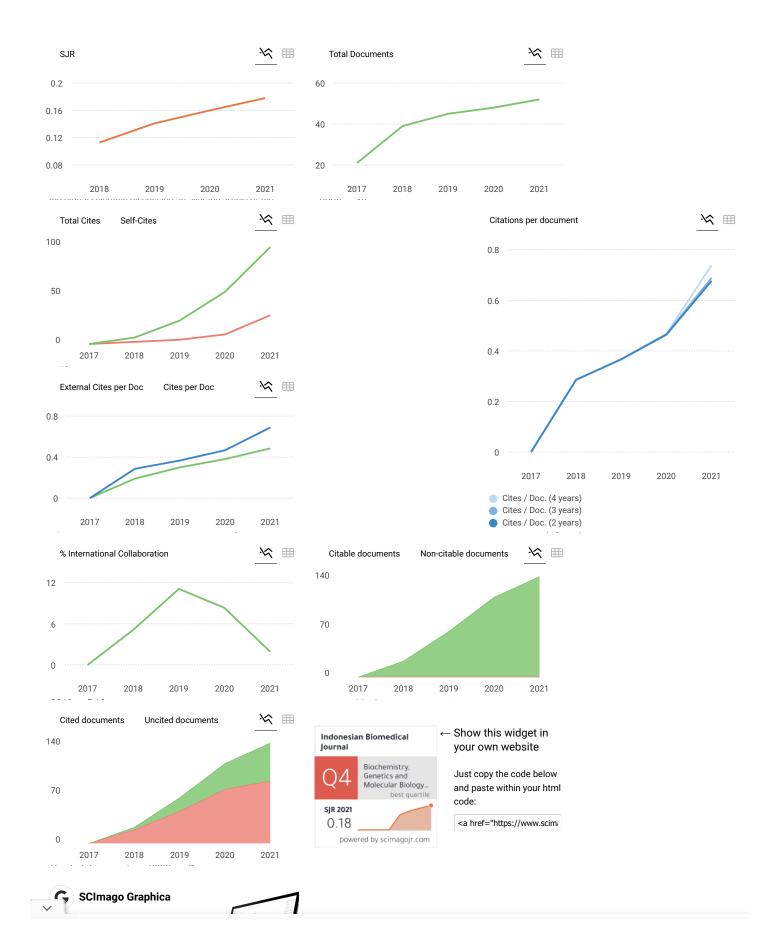
4

2 of 7

#### FIND SIMILAR JOURNALS 🔞

/	1 Translational Research	2 Molecular Aspects of	3 Frontiers in Bioscience -	4 Journal of Biomedical
~				
	Advances in Civi	il Eng Research		

High Quality Open Access Original Research In Advances in Civil Engineering. Submit Now hindawi.com



tool.

4

Ads by Google Stop seeing this ad Why this ad? ①

Metrics based on Scopus® data as of April 2022

R ratih 3 months ago

i need your journal

reply



Melanie Ortiz 3 months ago

SCImago Team

Dear Ratih, Thank you for contacting us. Could you please expand a little bit on your comment? Best Regards, SCImago Team

E Erliera 1 year ago

Hello... does this journal for sopus coverage already end (2019) ? Or still continue for this 2021?

reply



Melanie Ortiz 1 year ago

SCImago Team

Dear Erliera, thank you very much for your comment. We suggest you consult the Scopus database directly. Keep in mind that the SJR is a static image (the update is made one time per year) of a database (Scopus) which is changing every day. Best Regards, SCImago Team



Ruris Haristiani 4 years ago

reply

how to submit my article review to be published here? thanks

Elena Corera 4 years ago Please, check out our FAQs https://www.scimagojr.com/help.php?q=FAQ	SCImago Team
T Thohar 4 years ago I am from FK Undip reply	
Elena Corera 4 years ago Thanks for the info!	SCImago Team
Leave a comment Name Email	

I'm not a rob	ot reCAPTCHA Privacy - Terms
Submit	

(will not be published)

The users of Scimago Journal & Country Rank have the possibility to dialogue through comments linked to a specific journal. The purpose is to have a forum in which general doubts about the processes of publication in the journal, experiences and other issues derived from the publication of papers are resolved. For topics on particular articles, maintain the dialogue through the usual channels with your editor.

Developed by:





Powered by:

Follow us on @ScimagoJR

Scimago Lab, Copyright 2007-2022. Data Source: Scopus®

ST MODUS IN REBUS

Edit Cookie Consent