

Journal of Entrepreneurship & Business

Journal homepage: https://journal.ubaya.ac.id/index.php/jerb

## Integrated Social Cognitive and Social Capital Theory Toward Telemedicine Acceptance During Pandemic Turbulence

Noviaty Kresna Darmasetiawan\* Management Department, University of Surabaya, Indonesia

#### Andri Rianawati

Management Department, University of Surabaya, Indonesia

#### Flora Ramona Sigit Prakoeswa

Faculty of Medicine, University of Muhammadiyah Surakarta, Indonesia

Article Info	Abstract
Keyword: Telemedicine, Social capital, Self- efficacy, COVID-19 pandemic, Technological Acceptance Model	Pupose: This paper investigates the acceptance of telemedicine during the COVID-19 pandemic using an integrated framework of social cognitive theory, social capital, and the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM).
JEL Classification Code: A13, M15, O15 Corresponding author: noviatykds@staff.ubaya.ac.id	Method: The research employs a quantitative method through online surveys. The findings indicate that: 1) Self-efficacy is associated with the perception of ease of use of telemedicine. 2) Social capital is related to both the perceived ease of use and usefulness of telemedicine. 3) The turbulent pandemic situation strengthens the intention to use
DOI: <u>10.24123/jeb.v5i2.6461</u>	telemedicine. This study collect 155 respondents and use partial least square for testing hypothesis.
	Result: All of hypothesis in this research are supported. The results suggests that the implementation of telemedicine should consider social capital, social cognitive aspects, and TAM.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The use of telemedicine is currently increasing (Jnr, 2020), especially since the 2020 pandemic (Bestsennyy et al., 2021). In Indonesia, during the COVID-19 pandemic, telemedicine was reported to have increased by 600% (Bisnisnews, 2020). Telemedicine increased during pandemics due to several things, such as restrictions on hospital visits and direct interactions outside the home. Telemedicine is critical globally (Smith et al., 2020). In addition, it turns out that in the absence of a pandemic, telemedicine has also increased due to the distribution of health facilities, especially in rural areas. Telemedicine was introduced in the 1960s by utilizing IATV for medical services (Wittson et al., 1961). Then, it developed into telemedicine with various features, which it has today. Telemedicine is a broad category of technology and clinical applications that employ the Internet to send medical information (Perednia & Allen, 1995). Telemedicine applications can be divided into three categories: teleconsultation, telediagnosis, and tele-education. Telemedicine is helpful in several situations: 1) the limitation of direct interaction between patient and physician, 2) long distances between health service providers and patients, 3) the availability of information that must be provided

in an immediate time, and 4) means of mass disseminating information directly (Perednia & Allen, 1995).

Many scholars have studied telemedicine and the elements that influence telemedicine acceptability. Research by Hu et al. (1999) related to the acceptance of telemedicine using the technology acceptance model (TAM) from the patient side. In comparison, Rahimpour et al. (2008) investigated the reception of telemedicine with TAM from the patient's side. This study shows that TAM affects a person's intention and behavior when using telemedicine. While research that considers social aspects, namely social capital and social cognitive, is carried out in the context of the telehealth system, Tsai (2014) states that social capital influences telehealth adoption in terms of perceived usefulness and perceived ease of use. Still, social cognitive affects perceived ease of use. Previous research has not considered the conditions of pandemic turbulence. This study aims to look at the use of telemedicine in more detail and more comprehensively by considering TAM and social aspects as well as the conditions of pandemic turbulence as a moderator so that it can be known comprehensively what the determination of the use of telemedicine in unstable situations such as during a pandemic. This study aims to determine the acceptance of telemedicine using TAM with the integration theory of social cognitive and social capital during pandemic turbulence.

#### Telemedicine

Telemedicine is an IT-based innovation that can increase healthcare organizations' competitiveness while supporting and enhancing medical care. The telemedicine concept arose about four decades ago, when basic pioneering projects were in the works, motivated by futuristic quests that mainly focused on proving or feasibility review (Wittson et al., 1961). However, the majority of early telemedicine attempts fell short of expectations. Early financing termination, fledgling and generally basic IT infrastructure, immature technology, and inefficient technology use were among the issues (Brancheau et al., 1996). The failure of the first-generation telemedicine programs emphasized the importance of analysis and thorough review of the numerous technological, cultural, social, and organizational factors that come with telemedicine implementation. User acceptance technology is a critical organizational barrier for healthcare organizations considering or preparing to offer telemedicine-enabled healthcare services (Brancheau et al., 1996). Telemedicine is also known as telehealth, and both terms refer to the same thing: remote data exchange between a patient and physician, with different places in the patient's home and healthcare institution (Hendy & Barlow, 2012). Telemedicine has more complex features, consisting of prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and education to promotion of medical things. Telemedicine can interconnect in different regions and be used during disasters, according to the NATO Multinational Telemedicine System, backed by guidelines and technology development (Doarn et al., 2018).

#### Technology Acceptance Model (TAM)

TAM is the mature theory that Davis et al. (1989) developed and serves as a theoretical foundation for investigating technology acceptance (Adams et al., 1992). TAM is a theory that describes how users accept technology based on perceived ease of use and usefulness (Hu et al., 1999). Perceived ease of use refers to perceiving how easy it would be to utilize a particular system (Davis, 1985). "The absence of difficulty or major effort" is how "ease" is defined. "Effort is a finite resource that must be divided among the many duties for which a person is responsible." At the same time, perceived usefulness refers to "the degree of improving job performance using a particular system" (Davis, 1985).

#### Social Cognitive and TAM

The theoretical concept of Social Cognitive Theory (SCT) is about human thought, desire, motivation, and action, which adopt the causality interaction model in which cognition and behavior,

other personal elements, as well as external influences, interact as determinants that affect both directions (Bandura, 2014; Shu et al., 2011). Self-efficacy impacts what people choose to do, how much work they are willing to put in, and how long it takes them to overcome hurdles (Bandura, 2014; Hasan, 2007). according to SCT, self-efficacy is an essential component of a person's task performance and has been connected to several psychological and behavioral effects in various psychosocial activities (Bandura, 2014; Shu et al., 2011).

Self-efficacy has been proven crucial in consumers' perceptions of computer/information technology (Bandura, 2014). According to Compeau and Higgins (Compeau & Higgins, 1995), the basic notion of computer self-efficacy is defined as "people's assessments of their skills to run a computer system successfully." According to Rahimpour et al. (2008), system self-efficacy is genuinely relevant and should be linked with TAM to develop a more comprehensive model framework for analyzing telemedicine acceptance. According to Venkatesh (Venkatesh, 2000) and Davis (Davis, 1985), the user's perception of the ease of use of the system is based on people's belief in the ability to use computer technology (i.e., system self-efficacy).

Direct involvement with the system is needed to build perceptions about the more tangible characteristics of a system. Whereas before direct experience, system self-efficacy was a significant factor in telemedicine's perceived ease of use (Rahimpour et al., 2008). Tsai (2014) reinforces this view by stating that boosting self-efficacy through training and continuous support is essential for improving the acceptance and usage of telehealth technology. Users who feel confident and capable tend to find the technology more straightforward. Moreover, Thong et al. (2002) and Wu et al. (2007) propose that self-efficacy influences behavioral intention via perceived ease of use and perceived usefulness, with the hypothesis that self-efficacy significantly affects both PEOU and PU in telemedicine.

H1: Self-efficacy positively impacts perceived ease of use.

H2: Self-efficacy positively impacts perceived usefulness.

#### Social Capital and TAM

According to Bourdieu (Bourdieu, 2011), social capital is the actual or potential resource linked with long-term networks of mutual acquaintance or recognition. Coleman (Coleman, 1994) stated that the "social capital" concept refers to various aspects of a social organization that promotes specific actions by persons. Social capital is concerned with an individual's physical and emotional well-being and interpersonal relationships. Social capital is a social structure that facilitates specific individual acts that benefit individuals and organizations (Coleman, 1994; Putnam et al., 1993). It primarily focuses on interpersonal relationships (Felício et al., 2012). Social capital has the following characteristics: (1) long-term asset, (2) "feasible" and "changeable," (3) can be used to replace or supplement other resources, (4) requires maintenance, and (5) some types are "community goods" (Adler & Kwon, 2002).

According to Tsai (2014), social capital influences users' acceptance of the ease and usefulness of their technology. Suppose they believe that technology makes them prefer to accept the technology. Tsai (2014) also found that social capital theory, including social trust, institutional trust, and social participation, positively influences perceptions of technology's ease of use and usefulness, which can be promoted through personal interactions and equal doctor-patient relationships, fostering greater engagement with telehealth technology. Rianawati et al. (2023) further corroborated that individuals' inclination and readiness to embrace technology, particularly during pandemics, are influenced by social capital and social efficacy, underscoring the significance of social network structure in shaping attitudes towards the adoption of telemedicine. Therefore, understanding and utilizing social capital and social efficacy can aid in effectively incorporating telemedicine, particularly during periods of emergency.

H3: Social capital positively impacts perceived ease of use.

H4: Social capital positively impacts perceived usefulness.

H5: Perceived ease of use positively impacts attitude.

H6: Perceived usefulness positively impacts attitude.

H7: Attitude positively impacts intention to use.

#### Pandemic Turbulence

Turbulence is a period indicated by high uncertainty, rapid changing, inconsistent, unexpected, or unpredictable events, and demands, sometimes called when the "ground is in motion" (Emery & Trist, 1965). Ansell (2016) states turbulence is "a situation in which events, needs, and assistance interact and vary in extremely variable, inconsistent, unexpected, or unplanned ways." Turbulent is referred to as chaos since it demonstrates disorder and uncertainty. It's happened due to the pandemic (Lemoine et al., 2020). Turbulence can result in surprises, instability, fast and changeable operating strategies, conflicting demands, and uncertainty (Ansell & Boin, 2017). Turbulence during the COVID-19 pandemic alters people's intentions and preferences when picking something, mainly because of the direct interaction and safety. The COVID-19 pandemic has changed the role of life and daily activity. Sudaryono et al. (2023) demonstrated that the pandemic-induced disruption moderates the relationship between attitudes toward the TAM and the intention to use telemedicine. Amid the COVID-19 crisis, increased dependence on telemedicine brands for essential remote healthcare services influences individuals' TAM attitudes, affecting their propensity to embrace telemedicine. H8: The association between attitude and intention to use is strengthened by pandemic turbulence.

#### **RESEARCH METHODS**

This study aims to investigate telemedicine acceptance using the integrated theory of social cognitive and social capital, employing a quantitative method to analyze hypotheses. The focus is to examine the acceptance of telemedicine utilizing TAM theory and integrating social cognitive and social capital in a turbulent situation during the COVID-19 pandemic. Respondents who are telemedicine users, including both patients and physicians, were targeted. Data was collected through an online survey distributed via popular social media platforms such as WhatsApp, Facebook, and Line, chosen due to their widespread usage among Indonesians. The collected data comprised 186 responses from various regions and backgrounds in Indonesia. However, only 155 valid records remained after data cleaning, with 31 records eliminated due to data duplication, incompleteness, and failure to meet criteria. Despite efforts to ensure data quality, the research methodology faces several limitations, including potential sampling biases inherent in online survey methods, reliance on self-reported data, and constraints associated with cross-sectional survey designs, which could impede the generalizability of findings. Table 1 shows the specific characteristics of the respondents.

Table 1. Characteristic of Respondent				
Charac	teristic	Total	Percentage	
Gender	Man	44	28%	
	Woman	111	72%	
User status	Physician	71	46%	
	Patient	84	54%	
	18-30	71	46%	
Age	31-50	69	45%	
	>= 51	15	10%	

The measurements of the variables are based on past research. Social cognitive was adopted from Compeau & Higgins (1995) using eight items. Social capital measurement was acquired from Mohseni & Lindstrom (2007) using five items. The TAM variable was derived from Hu et al. (1999) and consists of six items of perceived ease of use, six items of perceived usefulness, three items of

attitude use, and six items of intention to use. The moderator variable of pandemic turbulence was derived from Garretson et al. (2021). The questionnaire was directly distributed to the sample population that met the predetermined criteria without undergoing any revision process. Additionally, this study includes a respondent profile to collect demographic information consisting of gender, user status, and age. The hypothesis in this study was examined using structural equation modeling (SEM), multivariate analysis testing, and SmartPLS for statistical programming. Nevertheless, several questionnaire indicators were eliminated because they did not meet the criteria set by Nasirun et al. (2021) and Hair et al. (2019).

#### **RESULTS & DISCUSSION**

The measurement model results show that all item loading values, construct reliability using composite reliability (CR), and convergent validity using average variance extract (AVE) meet the standards with values above the threshold of 0.6 as established. Detailed results of validity and reliability can be seen in Table 2.

This study has nine hypotheses, and the result shows that all the hypotheses are supported with different alpha significance (can be seen in Figure 1). H1, self-efficacy to perceived ease of use, and H2, self-efficacy to perceived usefulness, are supported by 10% of alpha significance. H3, social capital to perceived ease of use, and H4, social capital to perceived usefulness, are supported by 0,1% alpha significance. Continuing to H5 and H6, perceived ease of use and perceived usefulness to attitude are supported at a significance level of 0,1%. H7, attitude to intention to use telemedicine also endorsed in the 0,1% level significance. The last hypothesis, H8, is the indirect effect, moderating pandemic turbulence in the relationship between attitude and intention to use. The results show that moderating pandemic turbulence strengthens the relationship between attitude and intention to use at a significance level of 10%. Chi-Square, NFI, and R2 measure the model fit. Chi-Square is 1010,622; NFI shows 0,736. While R2 can be seen in each construct in Figure 1, R2 shows a good result, with the lowest R2 being 40%. This means that all construct is a reasonable determination.

The results of this study indicate that self-efficacy has a significant positive impact on the perceived ease of use of telemedicine. Self-efficacy can influence an individual's confidence level to overcome specific situations. In telemedicine, individuals with high self-efficacy are more likely to believe they can use telemedicine technology effectively and communicate with healthcare providers through the platform. This can reduce anxiety or uncertainty that may arise when using new technology. These findings are consistent with previous research by Agourram (2019), where the researchers stated that high self-efficacy tends to lead to successful acceptance and use of technology.

Furthermore, this research indicates that social cognitive and social capital influence technology acceptance. This means that the relationship, the belief, and the structural capital become the consideration of people in accepting technology (Tsai, 2014). Social cognitive means that in receiving technology, people consider the meaning, experience, and information of what they understand. For this reason, the provider or developer needs to explain the meaning and knowledge of telemedicine clearly. This supports the previous paper from Tsai, (2014) and Rahimpour et al.(2008).

The attitude of people influences the intention to use telemedicine, and the acceptance behavior of a person affects a person's intention to use a technology (Hu et al., 1999; Tsai, 2014). This follows many studies related to the intention to use telemedicine, which is influenced by user technology acceptance (Hu et al., 1999; Rahimpour et al., 2008). An equally important point in this study is the indirect moderating effect of pandemic turbulence, which shows that pandemic turbulence strengthens the relationship between attitude and intention to use telemedicine. This means that unstable conditions or chaotic situations will make someone more willing to use telemedicine. This is in line with the phenomenon that increased the use of telemedicine during the COVID-19 pandemic (Jnr, 2020). This was related to several things, such as restrictions on direct interaction due to unstable

	Validity and I	Reliability testing result		
Construct	Items	Loading	CR	AVE
	SCp1	0,923		
	SCp2	Deleted		
Social Capital	SCp3	0,614	0,754	0,615
	SCp4	Deleted		
	SCp5	Deleted		
	SEf1	0,841		
	SEf2	0,850		
	SEf3	0,774		
Solf Effica or	SEf4	0,918	0.057	0 735
Sen-Emcacy	SEf5	0,843	0,937	0,755
	SEf6	0,892		
	SEf7	0,871		
	SEf8	0,861		
	PEoU1	Deleted		
	PEoU2	0,856		
Perceived Ease of Use	PEoU3	0,845	0,855	0,664
	PEoU4	0,739		
	PEoU5	Deleted		
	PUs1	0,848		
	PUs2	Deleted		
Derectived Licefulness	PUs3	0,840	0 000	0 6 9 0
r elcelveu Oselulliess	PUs4	Deleted	0,898	0,089
	PUs5	0,888		
	PUs6	0,737		
	Atd1	0,912		
Attitude	Atd2	0,723	0,893	0,738
	Atd3	0,927		
	IU1	0,891		
	IU2	0,889		
Intention to Lise	IU3	Deleted	0.010	0.730
Intention to Use	IU4	Deleted	0,919	0,739
	IU5	0,814		
	IU6	0,842		
	PT1	0,882		
Dandomia Turbular as	PT2	0,935	0.020	0 766
r anuenne i urbuience	PT3	0,816	0,727	0,700
	PT4	0,865		

Table 2

conditions and the risk of exposure to the deadly COVID-19 virus. So that the use of telemedicine is increasing because people choose to stay at home and interact using digital media and social media. Based on research by (Darr et al., 2020) in England and (Al-Sofiani et al., 2021) in Saudi Arabia,

telemedicine services produced high patient satisfaction during the pandemic. Research conducted in England also showed that 99% of patients were satisfied and very satisfied with telemedicine services, and 210 out of 300 patients using telemedicine expressed a similar level of satisfaction.

Construct reliability and validity were measured by composite reliability (CR) and average variance extracted (AVE), while discriminant validity was calculated using the Fornell-Lacker Criterion. The result was satisfied in all constructs (Table 3).

	Table 3. Discriminant Validity						
	Atd	IU	PEoU	РТ	Pus	SCp	SEf
Atd	0,859						
IU	0,801	0,860					
PEoU	0,738	0,730	0,815				
РТ	0,189	0,179	0,069	0,875			
Pus	0,781	0,799	0,753	0,193	0,830		
SCp	0,602	0,617	0,628	0,206	0,643	0,784	
SEf	0,385	0,408	0,387	0,116	0,433	0,402	0,857



Figure 1. Hypotheses Testing Result

#### CONCLUSION

The study aims to deepen the understanding of user acceptance of telemedicine using the integrated theory of social cognitive and social capital in a pandemic turbulence situation. Peneliti employed a quantitative online survey to analyze nine hypotheses, with 155 respondents indicating that the acceptance of telemedicine, as evaluated by the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM), is influenced by social cognitive and social capital factors in turbulent conditions. This finding suggests that social factors, represented by social capital and social cognitive elements, significantly impact people's acceptance of technology. The study's salient finding is the moderating effect of pandemic turbulence, which strengthens the relationship between attitude and intention to use telemedicine, highlighting that in unstable and chaotic conditions, people are more inclined to use technology due to security and safety concerns when interacting traditionally (Garretson et al., 2021). This telemedicine preference underscores social factors' role in technology acceptance (Jnr, 2020).

While the study reveals significant findings, it also notes a drawback: the lack of mediation analysis, which could be included in future research to provide more comprehensive results. Future studies could explore the mediation of attitudes between perceived ease of use, perceived usefulness,

and intention to use and incorporate additional social factors beyond social cognitive and social capital. The theoretical contribution of this study is its addition to the literature on acceptance theory with social factors in turbulent conditions. Moreover, its practical contribution lies in advising telemedicine providers and developers to consider social factors and environmental conditions, such as pandemic turbulence, when implementing and developing telemedicine services.

The research suggests that future studies should include mediation analysis to comprehensively explore the relationships between attitude, perceived ease of use, perceived usefulness, and intention to use telemedicine. Telemedicine providers and developers are advised to consider social and environmental factors when designing services to boost user acceptance and market expansion, highlighting significant economic and commercial impacts. Academics and educators can update curricula to emphasize the role of social factors in technology acceptance, preparing future professionals for related challenges. Policymakers can foster telemedicine acceptance by strengthening social capital, considering social cognitive factors, and creating supportive environments. The study's findings, particularly the moderating effect of pandemic turbulence on the relationship between attitude and intention to use telemedicine, suggest a societal shift towards greater reliance on technology during crises, with long-term implications for healthcare delivery and public health strategies.

#### REFERENCES

- Adams, D. A., Nelson, R. R., & Todd, P. A. (1992). Perceived usefulness, ease of use, and usage of information technology: A replication. *MIS Quarterly*, 16(2), 227–247. https://doi.org/10.2307/249577
- Adler, P. S., & Kwon, S.-W. (2002). Social Capital: Prospects for a new concept. *The Academy of Management Review*, 27(1), 17–40. https://doi.org/10.2307/4134367
- Al-Sofiani, M. E., Alyusuf, E. Y., Alharthi, S., Alguwaihes, A. M., Al-Khalifah, R., & Alfadda, A. (2020). Rapid implementation of a diabetes telemedicine clinic during the coronavirus disease 2019 outbreak: Our protocol, experience, and satisfaction reports in Saudi Arabia. *Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology*, 15(2), 329–338. https://doi.org/10.1177/1932296820947094
- Ansell, C. (2016). Turbulence, adaptation, and change. *Governance in Turbulent Times*, 77–104. https://doi.org/10.1093/acprof:oso/9780198739517.003.0004
- Ansell, Chris, & Boin, A. (2017). Taming deep uncertainty: The potential of pragmatist principles for understanding and improving strategic crisis management. *Administration & amp; Society*, 51(7), 1079–1112. https://doi.org/10.1177/0095399717747655
- Bandura, a. (2014). Social Cognitive Theory of Moral Thought and Action. In W. M. Kurtines, J. L. Gewirtz, & L.L. Jacob (Eds.) Handbook of Moral Behavior and Development (pp. 69-128). Psychology press.
- Bestsennyy, O., Gilbert, G., Harris, A., & Rost, J. (2021, July 9). *Telehealth: A quarter-trillion-dollar post-covid-19 reality?*. McKinsey & Company. https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/healthcare/our-insights/telehealth-a-quarter-trillion-dollar-post-covid-19-reality
- Bisnisnews. (2020). 2020, bps catat jumlah penduduk indonesia 270,20 juta jiwa dan dominan generasi z. Retrieved jan 21 2021 from <u>https://bisnisnews.id/detail/berita/2020-bps-catat-jumlah-penduduk-indonesia-27020-juta-jiwa-dan-dominan-generasi-z</u>
- Bourdieu, P. (2011). The forms of capital. In I. Szeman & T. Kaposy (Eds.), *Cultural theory: An anthology* (pp. 81-93). Wiley-Blackwell
- Brancheau, J. C., Janz, B. D., & Wetherbe, J. C. (1996). Key issues in information systems management: 1994-95 sim delphi results. *MIS Quarterly*, 20(2), 225. https://doi.org/10.2307/249479

Coleman, J. S. (1994). Foundations of Social Theory. Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.

Compeau, D. R., & Higgins, C. A. (1995). Computer self-efficacy: Development of a measure and initial test. *MIS Quarterly*, *19*(2), 189–211. https://doi.org/10.2307/249688

- Darr, A., Senior, A., Argyriou, K., Limbrick, J., Nie, H., Kantczak, A., Stephenson, K., Parmar, A., & Grainger, J. (2020). The impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on Elective Paediatric Otolaryngology Outpatient Services – an analysis of virtual outpatient clinics in a tertiary referral centre using the Modified Paediatric Otolaryngology Telemedicine Satisfaction Survey (POTSS). *International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology*, 138, 110383. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijporl.2020.110383
- Davis, F. D. (1985). A technology acceptance model for empirically testing new end-user information systems : theory and results (thesis). Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge.
- Davis, F. D., Bagozzi, R. P., & Warshaw, P. R. (1989). User acceptance of computer technology: A comparison of two theoretical models. *Management Science*, 35(8), 982–1003. https://doi.org/10.1287/mnsc.35.8.982.
- Doarn, C. R., Latifi, R., Poropatich, R. K., Sokolovich, N., Kosiak, D., Hostiuc, F., Zoicas, C., Buciu, A., & Arafat, R. (2018). Development and validation of telemedicine for disaster response: The North Atlantic Treaty Organization Multinational System. *Telemedicine and E-Health*, 24(9), 657–668. https://doi.org/10.1089/tmj.2017.0237
- Emery, F. E., & Trist, E. L. (1965). The causal texture of organizational environments. *Human Relations*, *18*(1), 21–32. https://doi.org/10.1177/001872676501800103.
- Felício, J. A., Couto, E., & Caiado, J. (2012). Human capital and social capital in entrepreneurs and managers of small and Medium Enterprises. *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, 13(3), 395–420. https://doi.org/10.3846/16111699.2011.620139.
- Garretson, C. J., Waller, R.E., McCormack, T. J., Lemoine, P. A., & Richardson, M. D. (2021). The impact of turbulence on global higher education during a pandemic. *International journal of innovative research and advanced studies*, *8*(1), 30-33.
- Hair, J. F., Risher, J. J., Sarstedt, M., & Ringle, C. M. (2019). When to use and how to report the results of PLS-SEM. *European Business Review*, *31*(1), 2–24. https://doi.org/10.1108/ebr-11-2018-0203.
- Hasan, B. (2007). Examining the effects of computer self-efficacy and system complexity on technology acceptance. *Information Resources Management Journal*, 20(3), 76–88. https://doi.org/10.4018/irmj.2007070106
- Hendy, J., & barlow, J. (2012). The adoption of telecare in the community. *Community practitioner*, *85*(3), 41-44.
- Hu, P. J., Chau, P. Y K., Sheng, O. R. L., & Tam, K. Y. (1999). Examining the technology acceptance model using physician acceptance of telemedicine technology. *Journal of management information systems*, *16*(2), 91-112. https://doi.org/10.1080/07421222.1999.11518247
- Jnr., B. A. (2020). Use of telemedicine and virtual care for remote treatment in response to COVID-19 pandemic. *Journal of Medical Systems*, 44(7), 132. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10916-020-01596-5
- Lemoine, P. A., Waller, R. E., Garretson, C. J., & Richardson, M. D. (2020). Analyzing uncertainty and change in the advancement ofglobal higher education. *Education*, *3*(04), 208-223.
- Putnam, R. D., Leonardi, R., & Nonetti, R. Y. (1993). *Making Democracy Work: Civic Traditions in Modern Italy*. Princeton University Press. https://doi.org/10.2307/j.ctt7s8r7
- Mohseni, M., & Lindstrom, M. (2007). Social Capital, trust in the health-care system and selfrated health: The role of access to health care in a population-based study. *Social Science* & *amp; Medicine*, 64(7), 1373–1383. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.socscimed.2006.11.023
- Nasirun, N., Ramayah, T., Khalid, S. A., & Shahruddin, S. (2021). Modeling business vs non-business students blended learning experience: Invariance assessment and Multigroup analysis. *Asian Journal of Business Research*, 11(3), 50–71. https://doi.org/10.14707/ajbr.210114
- Perednia, D. A., & Allen, A. (1995). Telemedicine technology and clinical applications. *JAMA: The Journal of the American Medical Association*, 273(6), 483–488. https://doi.org/10.1001/jama.1995.03520300057037

- Rahimpour, M., Lovell, N. H., Celler, B. G., & McCormick, J. (2008). Patients' perceptions of a home telecare system. *International Journal of Medical Informatics*, 77(7), 486–498. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijmedinf.2007.10.006
- Shu, Q., Tu, Q., & Wang, K. (2011). The impact of computer self-efficacy and technology dependence on computer-related technostress: A Social Cognitive Theory Perspective. *International Journal* of *Human-Computer Interaction*, 27(10), 923–939. https://doi.org/10.1080/10447318.2011.555313
- Smith, A. C., Thomas, E., Snoswell, C. L., Haydon, H., Mehrotra, A., Clemensen, J., & Caffery, L. J. (2020). Telehealth for global emergencies: Implications for coronavirus disease 2019 (covid-19). *Journal of Telemedicine and Telecare*, 26(5), 309–313. https://doi.org/10.1177/1357633x20916567.
- Tsai, C.-H. (2014). Integrating social capital theory, social cognitive theory, and the technology acceptance model to explore a behavioral model of telehealth systems. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 11(5), 4905–4925. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph110504905.
- Venkatesh, V. (2000). Determinants of perceived ease of use: Integrating control, intrinsic motivation, and emotion into the technology acceptance model. *Information Systems Research*, 11(4), 342– 365. https://doi.org/10.1287/isre.11.4.342.11872.
- Wittson, C. L., Affleck, D. C., & Johnson, V. (1961). Two-way television in group therapy. *Psychiatric Services*, *12*(11), 22–23. https://doi.org/10.1176/ps.12.11.22



Thomas Edgar Lena Ellitan

Sehan Tjanturi Endang Sulistyaningsih Shu-Hsun Ho

Ghifari Ghaza Nugraha Juliani Dyah Trisnawati Fitri Novika Widjaja

Nanis Hairunisya Syaiful Arifin Fatmasari Endayani Meinar Puspasari

Noviaty Kresna Darmasetiawan Andri Rianawati Flora Ramona Sigit Prakoeswa

Nurhasan Hamidi Lina Nurul Zakiah

Fathia Azizah\* Laila Refiana Said

# JOURNAL OF Entrepreneurship & Business

The Influence of Food Quality and Service Quality on Repurchase Intention Through Customer Satisfaction

Investigating Organizational Determinants of Job Satisfaction: Mediating Role of Motivation

Loyalty Toward Shoope-Food Delivery Service: The Role of E-Service Quality and Food Quality

The Influence of Motivation and Training Entrepreneurship on the Performance of SME Entrepreneurs Modulated by Organizational Culture

Integrated Social Cognitive and Social Capital Theory Toward Telemedicine Acceptance During Pandemic Turbulence

Determining Factors of Vocational Students Entrepreneurial Intentions in Indonesia

Influence of The Role of Government, Travel Barriers and Social Media Influencers on Visiting Interests With Destination Image As A Mediating Variable Study on Murung Batu Laba Tourism Visitors, Banjar Regency

Master of Management Faculty of Business & Economics University of Surabaya



Home / Editorial Team

## **Editorial Team**

#### **Editor in Chief**



#### **Managing Editor**

- 1. Faizal Susilo Hadi, M.SM
- 2. Bobby Ardiansyahmiraja, M.MT
- 3. Muhammad Izharuddin, MBA () (D) (O) (P) (P) Universitas Surabaya, Indonesia

#### Editorial Board

2. Bahtiar Mohamad, Ph.D D C C A University Utara Malaysia, Malaysia

3. Jun Kumamoto, Ph.D D See C Toyo Gakuen University, Jepang 4. Lai Ferry Sugianto, Ph.D D C R A Fu Jen Catholic University, Taiwan

5. Maela Madel Cahigas, Ph.D

D and Chiversity, Philippines

- 6. Slavomir Rudenko, Ph.D Pan-European University, Slovakia
- 7. Veerisa Chotiyaputta, Ph.D D C A Panyapiwat Institute of Management, Thailand

#### About The Journal

Focus and Scope Author Guidelines Indexing & Abstracting Editorial Team Publication Ethics Peer Review Process Article Processing Charges Copyright & License Plagiarism Screening Open Access Policy Publishing System Visitor Statistics Archiving Policy FAQ

#### Article Template

📩 Tutorial Submit

INDEXING

Home / Archives / Vol. 10 No. 3 (2023): JMBI UNSRAT Volume 10 Nomor 3

## Vol. 10 No. 3 (2023): JMBI UNSRAT Volume 10 Nomor 3

Published: 2023-11-10

### Articles

#### PENGARUH SOSIAL MEDIA MARKETING, KUALITAS PRODUK DAN BRAND AWARENESS TERHADAP INTENSI PEMBELIAN KEMBALI KONSUMEN PINGIN TAHU AJA JEMBER

Felita Aprilia Salim, devina irtanto, Kristian Agung Nugraha 1683 - 1693

🖾 PDF

#### HOW BRAND ENGAGEMENT, BRAND EXPERIENCE ON BRAND LOYALTY THROUGH BRAND TRUST AND BRAND COMMITMENT: SPOTIFY ONLINE MUSIC EVIDENCE

Danet Patria, Hendra Achmadi, Dewi Wuisan, John Tampil Purba 1694 - 1710

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH KEPEMIMPINAN TRANSFORMASIONAL DAN BUDAYA ORGANISASI TERHADAP KINERJA MELALUI MOTIVASI PADA PERAWAT DI RUMAH SAKIT TRIA DIPA JAKARTA

Antania Hanjani Irianti, Innocentius Bernarto 1711-1724

🖾 PDF

## EFISIENSI BANK DAN RETURN SAHAM PADA SEKTOR PERBANKAN SELAMA PERIODE TAHUN 2013-2021

Salman Hamzah, Sita Deliyana 1725 - 1740



## FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI PROFITABILITAS BANK DI INDONESIA YANG DIMODERASI OLEH UKURAN

Fahru Rachman, Ahmad Muslim, Maria C. Widiastuti 1741 - 1758



## BANK NTB SYARIAH'S SOUNDNESS: A MULTI-METHOD ASSESSMENT USING CAMELS, RGEC, AND ALTMAN Z-SCORE

Dimas Kenn Syahrir, M. Nadratuzzaman Hosen, Ickhsanto Wahyudi 1759 - 1773



THE EFFECT OF PROFITABILITY, FINANCIAL RISKS, AND COMPANY GROWTH ON EARNINGS MANAGEMENT IN LQ45 INDEXED MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN THE INDONESIA STOCK EXCHANGE PERIOD 2016-2021

Ghina Zulfia, Tupi Setyowati, Komara 1774 - 1788



## TRANSFORMASI PERILAKU KONSUMEN DI ERA DIGITAL: STUDI DAN IMPLIKASI UMKM SAMBAL DEDE SATOE

Margaretta Ratna Dewi, Idfi Setyaningrum, Mintarti Ariani, Bujangga Bagus Adi Pramana, Livia Theterissa

1789 - 1795



#### INFLUENCE OF DIVIDEND POLICY AND PROFITABILITY ON STOCK PRICE IN CONSUMER NON-CYCLICALS COMPANIES IN INDONESIA FROM 2018 TO 2022

Bayiuaji Ignatius, Henny Setyo Lestari 1796 - 1803

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS URGENSI PELATIHAN DALAM PENGEMBANGAN KOMPETENSI APARATUR SIPIL NEGARA (ASN) DI PENGADILAN NEGERI GUNUNGSITOLI

Yusnidar Lase, Ayler Beniah Ndraha 1804-1814

🖾 PDF

## THE EFFECT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ON TAX AVOIDANCE WITH CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AS MEDIATION

Widijaya, Fitri Lianty 1814-1824

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH TAX PLANNING, GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE TERHADAP TAX AVOIDANCE PADA PERUSAHAAN SEKTOR ENERGI YANG TERDAFTAR DI BEI TAHUN 2019-2022

Esterisa Sabatini Rolinda, Remista Simbolon 1825-1835

🖾 PDF

#### EVALUASI PERENCANAAN DALAMPENGEMBANGAN ORGANISASI BERIMPLIKASI PENINGKATAN PEREKONOMIAN MASYARAKAT KEPULAUAN NIAS MELALUI KOPERASI KONSUMEN OSSEDA FAOLALA PEREMPUAN NIAS

Animan Harefa, Ayler Beniah Ndraha 1836 - 1846

🖾 PDF

#### PENGUKURAN RASIO KEUANGAN TERHADAP KINERJA BANK PEMERINTAH DI INDONESIA

Priska Basariana Panggabean 1847-1858

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH LEVERAGE, TRANSFER PRICING TERHADAP AGRESIVITAS PAJAK PADA PERUSAHAAN SEKTOR TEKNOLOGI YANG TERDAFTAR DALAM BEI PADA TAHUN 2020-2022

Martha Manullang, Meidy Lieke Karundeng 1859-1867



# THE IMPACT OF RATE OF RETURN, INVESTOR TRUST, FUND LONGEVITY ON THE MUTUAL FUND ERFORMANCE WITH ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT AS MODERATION

Rois Mahbub Ali Rambe, Nurmala Ahmar, Sailendra 1868-1881



#### ANALISIS PENGOPTIMALAN KEPEMIMPINAN PARTISIPATIF UNTUK MENINGKATKAN KUALITAS PELAYANAN PAJAK PADA KANTOR PELAYANAN, PENYULUHAN DAN KONSULTASI PERPAJAKAN (KP2KP) GUNUNGSITOLI

Setiaman Halawa, Ayler Beniah Ndraha 1882-1898



#### PENGARUH DISIPLIN KERJA DAN MOTIVASI KERJA TERHADAP KINERJA PEGAWAI PADA DINAS KEARSIPAN PROVINSI SUMATERA SELATAN

Elsi Dwi Pratiwi, Mukran Roni

1899-1909

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH KOMPETENSI DAN PENGAWASAN TERHADAP PRODUKTIVITAS KARYAWAN

Zulmauli Bahri, Neni Yulianita 1910-1923



## EKOSISTEM KEWIRAUSAHAAN DAN DIGITALISASI LAYANAN PERAWATAN SEPATU : STUDI KASUS TOKOPEJE.CO

Patricius Jasson, Aluisius Hery Pratono, Bambang Budiarto 1924-1931

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS PENGARUH E-SERVICE QUALITY TERHADAP CUSTOMER BEHAVIOUR DENGAN MEDIASI CUSTOMER SATISFACTION DAN CUSTOMER TRUST

Ali Wardhana , Agung Stefanus Kembau, Arief Perdana Kumaat , Tristano Aviel Sunara 1932 - 1940

🔎 PDF

#### ANALISIS PENGARUH KAPABILITAS USAHA DAN DIGITAL MARKETING TERHADAP SUSTAINABILITY UMKM KAIN SONGKET DI KABUPATEN SAMBAS DAN KERAJINAN BIDAI DI KABUPATEN BENGKAYANG SEBAGAI WILAYAH PERBATASAN

Gusti Hardiansyah, Neni Triana M, Maria Christiana Kalis, Irfan Mahdi, Aripin, Adi Yani

🖾 PDF

#### THE COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE OF PT UNIHAN IN ELECTRONIC MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

XU CHENG, Jacob Donald Tan 1960-1972

🖾 PDF

## ANALISIS EFEKTIVITAS PROSES REKRUTMEN SEBELUM DAN SESUDAH MENGGUNAKAN SIEMEN PADA RSUD SITI FATIMAH AZ-ZAHRA

Winda Ulandari, Trisninawati 1973-1982



#### PENGARUH AGENCY COST OF FREE CASH FLOW DALAM PENGAMBILAN KEPUTUSAN MANAJEMEN PERUSAHAAN DALAM MENERBITKAN SUKUK

Angelica Nadia Fatmala 1983-2001

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH REKRUTMEN DAN PENEMPATAN KERJA TERHADAP KINERJA PEGAWAI TENAGA HARIAN LEPAS DINAS PENDIDIKAN DAN KEBUDAYAAN KABUPATEN BANYUASIN

Hesi Ulandari, Heriyanto 2002-2011



## ANALISIS INOVASI IDe AsSALAM (Inisiasi Desa Nabung Saham Modal Sampah) DALAM PERSPEKTIF NEW PUBLIC GOVERNANCE

Dinda Novyasari Maharani, Firda Gangsar Ramadanti, Nabila Rasya Annisa 2012-2026



#### FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI PERTUMBUHAN LABA PADA PERUSAHAAN LQ45 DI BURSA EFEK INDONESIA

Junardi 2027-2041



#### DETERMINAN KUALITAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN DENGAN SISTEM TEKNOLOGI INFORMASI SEBAGAI PEMODERASI (STUDI EMPIRIS PADA BADAN LAYANAN UMUM DI KEMENKES INDONESIA)

Irma, Dwi Prastowo Darminto, Darmansyah 2042-2060



#### INTEGRASI PASAR MODAL INDONESIA TERHADAP BEBERAPA PASAR MODAL YANG TERGABUNG DALAM PRESIDENSI G20 (SESUDAH UANG BARU TAHUN EMISI 2022 BEREDAR)

Maikel Sanger, Winston Pontoh, Sri Murni 2061-2078

🕒 PDF

#### OPTIMALISASI BUSINESS MATCHING DI PASAR INTERNASIONAL MELALUI STRATEGI MEDIA SOSIAL DENGAN PENDEKATAN DESIGN THINKING

Bujangga Bagus Adi Pramana, Idfi Setyaningurm 2079-2088

## THE INFLUENCE OF ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE ON EMPLOYEE WORK OUTCOMES AND COMPANIES' PERFORMANCE WITHIN THE E-COMMERCE SECTOR

Yedija Christopher William Margono , Rinto Rain Barry 2089-2104



#### EKONOMI INDUSTRI PANGAN DAN KEBIJAKAN PENDUKUNGNYA

A. Husni Y. Rosadi 2015-2029

🖾 PDF

#### THE PHENOMENON OF COMPULSIVE BUYING BEHAVIOR DUE TO THE RISE OF FINTECH LENDING AMONG INDONESIAN MILLENNIALS

Wisnu Yuwono, Juviyanty Juviyanty, Ferdinand Nainggolan 2030-2047

🔁 PDF

#### PENGARUH GOODWILL, PROFITABILITAS, UKURAN PERUSAHAAN, DAN LEVERAGE TERHADAP NILAI PERUSAHAAN

Intan Permatasari, Stephana Dyah Ayu Ratnaningsih 2048-2058



#### ANALISIS PENGARUH DAN TREN REALISASI PAJAK HOTEL SERTA PERTUMBUHAN JUMLAH WISATAWAN SEBAGAI VARIABEL MODERASI TERHADAP PENDAPATAN ASLI DAERAH KOTA MANADO

Junior Lakat 2059 - 2071

🖾 PDF

#### GIG ECONOMY: PERILAKU KEPUASAN PENGEMUDI OJEK ONLINE PADA LAYANAN PENGIRIMAN RESTORAN CEPAT SAJI

Ernolita Kartika Apriliani, Mintarti Ariani, Idfi Setyaningrum 2072-2082



INTEGRATED MARKETING COMMUNICATION BRAND KAHF

January Rizcky Fadjarina 2083-2096

🖹 PDF

#### LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT MODEL FOR BEST PRACTICE

Umari Abdurrahim Abi Anwar, Asni Mustika Rani, Rabiatul Adwiyah, Tasya Aspiranti 2097-2107



#### ANTECEDENTS OF EMPLOYEE TURNOVER INTENTION AT XYZ HOSPITAL

Yash Raja Morangkey, Innocentius Bernarto 2108-2118

🖾 PDF

#### PERAN MASYARAKAT DALAM PERENCANAAN SUMBER DAYA MANUSIA DI PEMERINTAHAN DESA DAHANA TABALOHO KOTA GUNUNGSITOLI

Pinta Ayuningsih Halawa, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Heseziduhu Lase, Yupiter Mendrofa 2119-2132

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS PROFIL KONSUMEN MOBIL LISTRIK WULING AIR EV DI KOTA BANDUNG

M. Rahman Manaf , Kristina Sisilia 2133-2147

🖾 PDF

#### DETERMINAN PENGUNGKAPAN LAPORAN KEBERLANJUTAN DENGAN TATA KELOLA PERUSAHAAN YANG BAIK SEBAGAI VARIABEL MODERASI

Anggi Sulaksono, Dwi Prastowo Darminto, Nurmala Ahmar 2149-2161

🕒 PDF

## THE EFFECT OF CAPITAL INTENSITY, AUDIT COMMITTEE, ACCOUNTING CONSERVATISM ON TAX AVOIDANCE

Ni Putu Ayu Rila Darma Pangesti, Stephana Dyah Ayu Ratnaningsih 2162-2171

🔎 PDF

#### EVALUASI PELATIHAN GURU DI SMP NEGERI 3 HILISERANGKAI KABUPATEN NIAS

Niska Walfiatni Waruwu, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Meiman Waruwu, Eliagus Telaumbanua

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS URGENSI SISTEM MANAJEMEN TALENTA GURU DI UPTD SD NEGERI 074056 DAHANA HUMENE KECAMATAN GUNUNGSITOLI IDANOI KOTA GUNUNGSITOLI

Rika Permata Gea, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Fatolosa Hulu, Sukaaro Waruwu 2183-2193



#### ANALISIS STRATEGI BLUE OCEAN "CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK INDONESIA"

Cindy Julian Witjaksono 2194-2207

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH CASH HOLDING, PROFITABILITAS, DAN LIKUIDITAS TERHADAP NILAI PERUSAHAAN

Kristella Devina Wiyani Prameswari, Stephana Dyah Ayu Ratnaningsih 2208-2217

🖾 PDF

#### PENGEMBANGAN STRATEGI PARIWISATA BERKELANJUTAN DESA WISATA DI YOGYAKARTA MELALUI ANALISIS SWOT (MATRIKS KUADRAN SWOT DAN EFAS &IFAS)

Rubiyatno Rubiyatno, Lucia Kurniawati, Fransisca Desiana Pranatasari 2218-2133

🖪 PDF

## FACTORS AFFECTING THE PERFORMANCE OF HOTEL COMPANIES SECTOR LISTED ON THE INDONESIA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jacinta Winarto, Marcellia Susan 2134-2146

🖾 PDF

## THE EFFECT OF HALLYU (KOREAN WAVE) TOWARDS INTENTION TO VISIT TO SOUTH KOREA WITH DESTINATION IMAGE AS A MEDIATING VARIABLE

Angel Juliana, Clarissa Listya Susilo 2147-2157

🖾 PDF

ANALISIS PEMANFAATAN TEKNOLOGI INFORMASI TERHADAP KINERJA PEGAWAI PADA

#### KANTOR KECAMATAN LOLOFITU MOI

Lucky Fiktori Zai, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Syah Abadi Mendrofa, Palindungan Lahagu 2158-2179

🖾 PDF

#### KRISIS KEUANGAN DAN TRANSFORMASI KEBIJAKAN APBN: TANTANGAN DAN STRATEGI KHUSUS PADA PAJAK PENGHASILAN (PPH) DAN PAJAK PERTAMBAHAN NILAI (PPN)

Fera Dwi Septiani 2180-2192

🖾 PDF

#### DAMPAK DINAMIKA PANDEMI COVID-19 TERHADAP RETURN INDEKS SAHAM SEKTOR FINANCE DI BURSA EFEK INDONESIA

Frizt Yonif Yongly Lumbantoruan, Tubagus Ismail, Ira Geraldina 2193-2208



#### KOLABORASI ORGANISASI DALAM MENGIMPLEMENTASIKAN PROGRAM KELUARGA HARAPAN (PKH) DI DESA SISARAHILIGAMO KECAMATAN GUNUNGSTOLI KOTA GUNUNGSITOLI

Lestariani Telaumbanua, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Yupiter Mendrofa, Sukaaro Waruwu 2209-2220



#### PENGARUH WORKLOAD DAN STRESS KERJA TERHADAP KINERJA KARYAWAN DENGAN CYBERLOAFING SEBAGAI MEDIASI

Muhammad Iqbal Fatur Assidiqi, Gerry Suryosukmono 2221-2233

🖾 PDF

#### MENINGKATKAN KEAHLIAN PERENCANAAN STARTUP USAHA BAGI MAHASISWA PESERTA WIRAUSAHA MANDIRI

Agus Supandi Soegoto, Bode Lumanauw, Deasy Soeikromo, Jummie S. L. Mokoginta, Andi Wiratama Satria, Sitti Sarah Panyalai

2233-2242



#### PENGARUH KUALITAS PELAYANAN DAN KEPUASAN PELANGGAN TERHADAP LOYALITAS PELANGGAN PADA JASA POS LOGISTIK PALEMBANG

Nuslih Jamiat, Tia Nadila

🖾 PDF

#### IMPLEMENTASI KEBIJAKAN TAMBAHAN PENGHASILAN PEGAWAI DALAM MINGKATKAN KINERJA PEGAWAI MELALUI LAPORAN KINERJA PADA BADAN KEPEGAWAIAN DAN PENGEMBANGAN SUMBER DAYA MANUSIA KOTA TOMOHON

Udiyarti Muslianto, Elfie Mingkid, Grace Jane Waleleng 2254-2266



#### PENGARUH DEWAN KOMISARIS INDEPENDENSI, KOMITE AUDIT SERTA PROFITABILITAS YANG DISERTAI LEVERAGE DALAM MENGUNGKAPAN LAPORAN SUSTAINABILITY

William Christian Hariono, Stephana Dyah Ayu 2267-2278



#### KETAHANAN USAHA (BUSINESS RESILIENCE) UMKM DI KOTA MANADO PADA MASA PASCA-PANDEMI COVID-19

Regina Trifena Saerang, Emilia Margareth Gunawan, Shinta Jeanette Camelia Wangke 2279-2291



#### PENGARUH TEKANAN WAKTU, DUE PROFESSIONAL CARE, AKUNTABILITAS, DAN SATUAN PEMERIKSAAN INTERN TERHADAP HASIL REVIU LAPORAN KEUANGAN RUMAH SAKIT BADAN LAYANAN UMUM

Denas Quraisya, Sulhendri Sulhendri, Slamet Wahyudi 2292-2306



#### PERAN KEPALA DESA DALAM MENGELOLA KERJASAMA KELEMBAGAAN DI PEMERINTAHAN DESA TETEHOSI I KOTA GUNUNGSITOLI

Riskiaman Gea, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Yupiter Mendrofa, Sukaaro Waruwu 2307-2321

🔁 PDF

#### PERBEDAAN KINERJA AUDITOR DILIHAT DARI SEGI GENDER (STUDI EMPIRIS PADA KANTOR AKUNTAN PUBLIK DI DKI JAKARTA)

Dwi Anggraeni Saputri, Jamaludin Iskak Iskak 2322-2336



## SMART MARKETING TRANSFORMATION STRATEGY BRANCH AT BANK MANDIRI REGIONAL II PALEMBANG

Muhammad Fadhil Amrullah; Juhaini Alie 2337-2347

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS PEMANFAATAN TEKNOLOGI INFORMASI TERHADAP KINERJA PEGAWAI PADA KANTOR KECAMATAN LOLOFITU MOI

Lucky Fiktori Zai, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Syah Abadi Mendrofa, Palindungan Lahagu 2348-2370

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH UKURAN PERUSAHAAN, KONSENTRASI KEPEMILIKAN, DAN KOMISARIS INDEPENDEN TERHADAP PENGUNGKAPAN INTELLECTUAL CAPITAL (Studi Pada Perusahaan LQ45 Yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia Periode 2018-2021)

(Studi Pada Perusahaan LQ45 Yang Terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia Periode 2018-2021)

Faysa Adityar Setiawan, Leny Suzan

2371 - 2383

🕒 PDF

#### PENGARUH BRAND IMAGE DAN BRAND LOVE TERHADAP BRAND COMMITMENT DAN POSITIVE WORD-OF-MOUTH PADA KONSUMEN SOMETHINC

Tri Widarmanti, Anita yulianti 2384 - 2395

🖾 PDF

## THE IMPLICATIONS OF STOCK PRICE, LIQUIDITY, AND PROFITABILITY ON THE CONSUMER NON-CYCLICALS SECTOR'S COMPANY VALUE

Ireniza Diva Kanisa, Imronudin Imronudin

2396 - 2410

🔀 PDF

## PENERAPAN METODE CAMEL DALAM PENILAIAN KONDISI KESEHATAN BANK UMUM PEMERINTAH DI INDONESIA

Priska Basariana Panggabean 2411-2419



#### PENGARUH PERILAKU DAN LINGKUNGAN KERJA TERHADAP KINERJA GENERASI Z PADA PERUSAHAAN BLUE ECONOMY DI PROBOLINGGO

Bryant Arya Adirajasa, Noviaty Kresna Darmasetiawan 2421-2430

🛆 PDF

#### KEPEMIMPINAN TRANSFORMASIONAL GENERASI MILENIAL DALAM MENGHADAPI KESENJANGAN LINTAS GENERASI DI PERUSAHAAN BLUE EKONOMI JAWA TIMUR

Mario Kent, Noviaty Kresna Darmasetiawan 2431-2444



#### PENGARUH MANAJEMEN RANTAI PASOKAN IKAN TERHADAP KINERJA NELAYAN YANG DIMODERASI OLEH FASILITAS PADA NELAYAN PESISIR LIKUPANG MINAHASA UTARA

Jacky Sumarauw, Lucky Dotulong, Sjendry Loindong 2445-2450



#### THE OPTIMUM DECISION OF OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION SPREADSHEET MODELLING

Rudy Winarto, Anak Agung Bagus Dinariyana 2451-2460



## JOB STRESS, JOB SATISFACTION, WORK ENVIRONMENT: EFFECTS ON ORGANIZATIONAL COMMITMENT AND IMPACT ON TURNOVER INTENTION

Indra Purnomo, Innocentius Bernarto 2461-2472

🖾 PDF

#### PENGARUH MOTIVASI HEDONIS TERHADAP IMPULSIVE BUYING PADA FESTIVAL BELANJA TANGGAL KEMBAR

Ferial Tri Aura, Hilwa Anwar, Andi Nasrawaty Hamid 2473-2484

🖾 PDF

#### ANTESEDEN PENYERAPAN ANGGARAN BELANJA DAERAH PADA SUKU DINAS PENDIDIKAN KABUPATEN ADMINISTRASI KEPULAUAN SERIBU

Ryandana Alica Saputra, Harnovinsah, Syahril Djaddang 2485-2494



#### PERAN INOVASI PRODUK DALAM MEMEDIASI DIGITAL MARKETING TERHADAP KINERJA PEMASARAN PADA PELAKU USAHA MEBEL DI DESA LEILEM KABUPATEN MINAHASA

Michael Ch. Raintung, Raymond C. Kawet, Yunita Mandagie 2495-2505

🖾 PDF

#### EFEKTIVITAS PENGGUNAAN TEKNOLOGI INFORMASI TERHADAP APARAT DESA LOLOFITU KECAMATAN LOLOFITU MOI KABUPATEN NIAS BARAT

Hervis Erwin Jaya Waruwu , Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Otanius Laia, Peringatan Harefa 2506-2520

🖾 PDF

#### KOMUNIKASI KELOMPOK PELAKU USAHA DALAM PEMBERDAYAAN EKONOMI MASYARAKAT PADA OBJEK WISATA DI KAWASAN PESISIR (STUDI PADA OBJEK WISATA TAMENDAO BEACH)

SITI MAYASARI PAKAYA, CITRA F.I.L DANO PUTRI, MUHAMMAD AKRAM MURSALIM, DEA YULIA R. ANANDA

2521-2534

🖾 PDF

#### ANALISIS LINGKUNGAN EKSTERNAL DAN INTERNAL TERHADAP PEMBANGUNAN DI DESA ONONAMOLO II LOT KECAMATAN GUNUNGSITOLI BARAT

Fendra Raymon Putra Zebua, Ayler Beniah Ndraha, Palindungan Lahagu, Nanny A. Buulolo 2535-2542

🖾 PDF

**Open Journal Systems** 

Information

For Readers

For Authors

For Librarians

Language

English

Bahasa Indonesia

index by:







**Current Issue** 

ATOM 1.0

RSS 2.0

RSS 1.0

Keywords



# Platform & workflow by OJS / PKP

JOURNAL OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP & BUSINESS						
5.25		★ <u>P-ISSN</u> : ↔ E-IS	SSN : 2721706X	HEERCHI		
Impact 70 Google Citations						
Sinta 3 Current Acreditation						
	<u>۹ (</u>	Google Scholar 🗣 Garuda History Accred	🚱 <u>Website</u> 🏵 <u>Edit</u>	or URL		
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
ogram MM Universitas Surabaya 12023 POI: 10.24123/jeb.v4i o-Creative Service Innovation	Journal of Entrepre J.5376 OAccred : Sinta on Social Media: An En	neurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 1 (202 1 3 npirical Study in an International	3): Journal of Entrepreneu	rship & Business (February) 1-12	2	
rogram MM Universitas Surabaya 2023 III DOI: 10.24123/jeb.v4i	Journal of Entrepre	neurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 1 (202 a <u>3</u>	<u>23): Journal of Entrepreneu</u>	r <u>ship &amp; Business (February) 46-</u>	<u>57</u>	
he Influence of Perceived Use rogram MM Universitas Surabaya 12023 POI: 10.24123/jeb.v4i	fulness, Trust, and Risk Journal of Entrepre 1.5390 O <u>Accred : Sinta</u>	<mark>x on Loyalty in the TikTok Shop: Tr</mark> neurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 1 (202 <mark>a 3</mark>	est of Consumer Satisfa (3): Journal of Entrepreneu	tion as a Mediation Variable	23	
he Influence of Brand Image a rogram MM Universitas Surabaya 12023 Pol: 10.24123/jeb.v4i	Ind Product Innovation	on Customer Repurchase Intenti neurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 1 (202 1 3	on through The Mediati (3): Journal of Entrepreneu	on of Customer Satisfaction rship & Business (February) 32-	<u>Towards Indomie</u> 45	
nalvsis of Factors Affecting Bu	Isiness Performance: Er Journal of Entrepre	mpirical Study of Hospitals in Eas neurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 1 (202 1 3	<u>it Java</u> 3 <u>): Journal of Entrepreneu</u>	rship & Business (February) 24-	<u>31</u>	
rogram MM Universitas Surabaya						

#### The Influence of Brand Equity on Brand Loyalty of Adidas Shoes Mediated by Customer Satisfaction

Program MM Universitas Surabaya Durnal of Entrepreneurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 2 (2023): Journal of Entrepreneurship & Business (June) 103-113

#### Business Performance in Automotive Vehicle Customs Business in Indonesia

 Program MM Universitas Surabaya
 Image: Construction of a structure of the struc

#### Ownership Structure on Dividend Policy in The Indonesian Stock Exchange

 Program MM Universitas Surabaya
 Journal of Entrepreneurship & Business Vol. 4 No. 2 (2023); Journal of Entrepreneurship & Business (June) 93-102

 2023
 P.DOI: 10.24123/jeb.v4i2.5657
 O Accred : Sinta 3

View more ...